



UDS Measure: Ischemic Vascular Disease: Use of Antiplatelet Medications

Presentation to Governing Council

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IVD:

- When the heart or arteries are damaged, blocked, or have noted problems, this could cause a clot to form.
- Antiplatelets lower the risk of having a heart attack or stroke in the future.
- Antiplatelets can cause an increased risk of bleeding and are monitored carefully.
- Common medications:
 - Aspirin
 - Warfarin/Coumadin
 - Eliquis
 - Plavix

What Conditions?

- History of a cardiovascular disease
 - Heart Surgery
 - Heart Attack
 - Stroke
 - At risk for the above
- Diabetes Type 1 or 2 between 40 and 75yo
- Anyone with an LDL > 190

We use a tool – ASCVD Risk – which measures the possible risk of any future event.

UDS Measure

- Why are we focused on antiplatelets?
 - Significant impact on patients' long-term health
 - Preventative

Ischemic Vascular Disease Medication Use

Percentage of adult patients with IVD or an acute myocardial infarction, coronary artery bypass graft, or percutaneous coronary intervention in the previous year and used aspirin or an antiplatelet

82.2%
(203 / 247)



*Green 2024 UDS submitted results

*Blue 2025 current year to date results



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