

Discussion on Fund Balance Policy

Financial & Administrative Committee March 6, 2025

Initial Discussion



- Fund Balance Basics
- Best Business Practice (GFOA)
- Bond Rating Agency Perspective
- Comparable policies
- Lake County's Policy
 - Possible updates for consideration
- Questions and Direction for future action

Purpose of Fund Balance

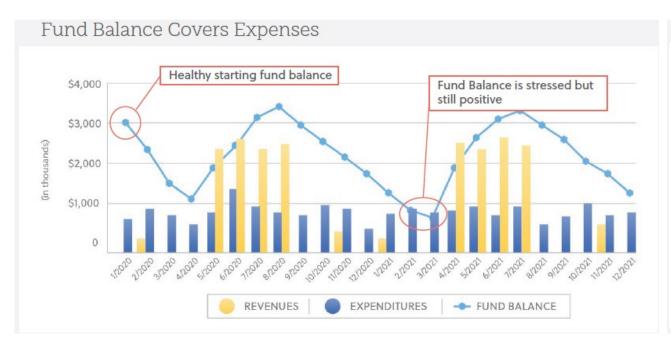


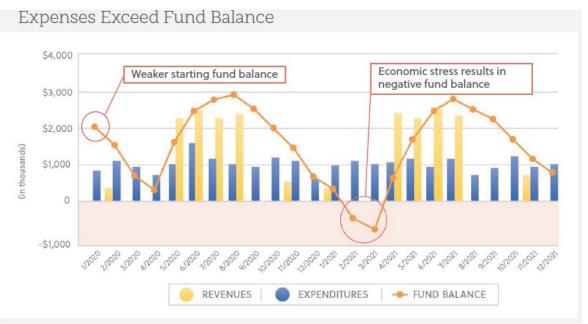
- Weather cyclical revenue fluctuations
- Ensure stable service delivery
- Ensure ability to meet future needs
- Protect against financial instability
- Provides fiscal sustainability during economic downturn
- Protect taxpayers and employees from unexpected changes in financial condition
- Demonstrates creditworthiness to rating agencies and other lenders/maintain flexibility on capital financing options
- Facilitates long-term, strategic financial planning

Fund Balance Analysis









How much?

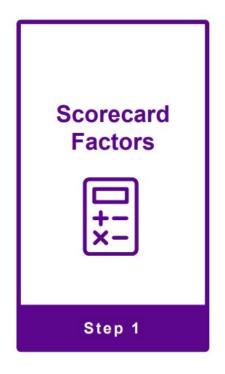


- Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Best Practice:
 - At a minimum, two months of regular general fund operating revenues or regular general fund operating expenditures
 - Government's particular situation often may require a level of unrestricted fund balance in excess of this recommended minimum level, depending on factors including:
 - Predictability of revenues and volatility of its expenditures
 - Exposure to significant one-time outlays
 - Availability of resources in other funds
 - Impact on entity's bond ratings and corresponding cost of borrowed funds
 - Long term forecasts and economic conditions
 - External financing expectations

Moody's Issuer Scorecard



Arriving at the issuer rating – Step 1







MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE

US Cities and Counties Methodology

Moody's Financial Performance Factor



Scorecard Factor 2: Financial Performance



| Sub-factor | Sub-factor calculation |
|--|---|
| Available Fund Balance Ratio (20%) | (Available fund balance + net current assets) / revenue |
| Liquidity Ratio (10%) | Unrestricted cash / revenue |

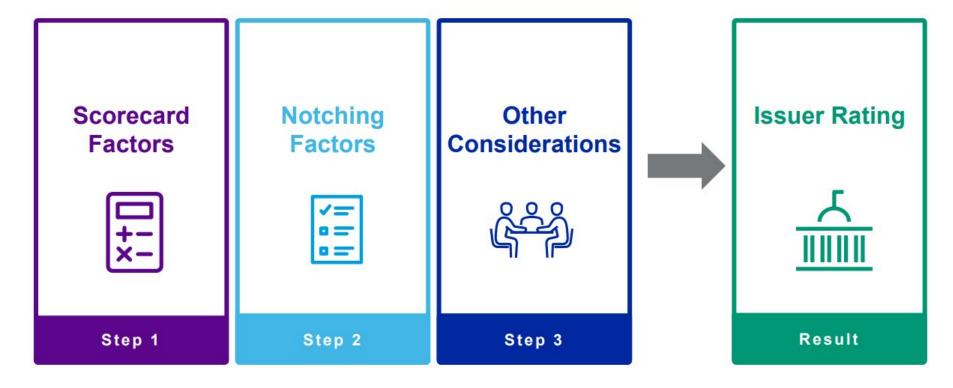
MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE

US Cities and Counties Methodology

Moody's Rating Methodology



Arriving at the issuer rating



MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE

US Cities and Counties Methodology

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Comparable Counties



DuPage County:

- At least 25% of total expenditures plus transfers out of next year's General Fund budget; low point operating margin of approximately one-month's normal operations
- If fund balance goes above 45% at end of fiscal year, CFO may recommend one-time transfer to capital fund for future funding

Will County:

- Goal to have a 25% corporate fund cash reserve at year end
- If corporate fund cash reserves fall below 22% or exceed 26%, the Finance Committee shall recommend corrective action

Comparable Counties (cont'd)



- Kane County:
 - Minimum of 3 months operating expenditures in the Corporate Fund
- McHenry County:
 - General Fund: Minimum General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance of 150 days or five months of expenditures (on an annual budget basis)



Lake County's Current Policy

Current Reserve Requirements



Amount equal to carryovers approved by the County Board for unfinished, encumbered projects budgeted in the previous fiscal year

+

Risk Management/Liability Insurance Fund professionally performed annual actuarial analysis

+

29% of the current fiscal year appropriation (except for funds below)

+

12% of FICA, IMRF and Risk Management/Liability Insurance Funds

Operating Property Tax Levy Funds Lake County Finance Department

- General Fund
- FICA
- IMRF
- Liability/Risk
- VAC
- Health

- Stormwater
- Division of Transportation
- Hulse Youth Detention Center
- Tuberculosis Clinic

How Fund Balance is Adjusted



- Beginning Fund Balance of Fund XYZ = 29%
- FY24 actual experience: revenues exceed expenses
- Ending Fund Balance of Fund XYZ = 30%

In FY26, the property tax revenue for Fund XYZ will be modified by an amount sufficient to reduce the ending fund balance back to 29%

- Beginning Fund Balance of Fund XYZ = 30%
- FY26 actual experience: expenses exceed revenues
- Ending Fund Balance of Fund XYZ = 29%

Possible Updates for Consideration



- Refined percentages based on the volatility of the revenue streams within each of the operating funds, for example:
 - FICA and IMRF Funds are 100% funded by property taxes with a 98%+ collection rate
 - Risk Management & Liability Fund has a professionally prepared actuarial analysis on all outstanding claims OR
- Simplification into one percentage for the property tax operating funds in total AND
- Separation of the Veterans Assistance Commission (VAC) Fund's fund balance from our calculation because it is not within County Board control
- Other suggestions?



Questions and Direction