



**GRANT AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, ILLINOIS CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION AUTHORITY
AND
LAKE COUNTY STATE’S ATTORNEY’S OFFICE**

The parties to this Grant Agreement (Agreement) are the State of Illinois (State), acting through the undersigned agency (Grantor) and Lake County State’s Attorney (Grantee) (collectively, the "Parties" and individually, a "Party"). The Agreement, consisting of the signature page, the parts listed below, and any additional exhibits or attachments referenced in this Agreement, constitute the entire agreement between the Parties. No promises, terms, or conditions not recited, incorporated or referenced herein, including prior agreements or oral discussions, are binding upon either Grantee or Grantor.

PART ONE – The Uniform Terms

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PART TWO – Grantor-Specific Terms

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The Parties or their duly authorized representatives hereby execute this Agreement.

ILLINOIS CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION AUTHORITY

DocuSigned by:
Delrice Adams
By: _____
0723DECA7BD04BF...
Delrice Adams, Executive Director
5/1/2026 | 1:06:01 PM CDT
Date: _____

^{DS}
JS

LAKE COUNTY STATE'S ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

Signed by:
Sandy Hart
By: _____
DC8AC602C90A415...
Sandy Hart, Lake County Board Chair
4/24/2026 | 2:47:16 PM CDT
Date: _____

Signed by:
Holly Kim
By: _____
AEE652ABF1B442F...
Holly Kim, Lake County Treasurer
4/16/2026 | 10:51:49 AM CDT
Date: _____

DocuSigned by:
Eric Rinehart
By: _____
B7C1333560F24D4...
Eric Rinehart, Lake County State's Attorney's Office
4/22/2026 | 6:50:45 AM CDT
Date: _____

PART ONE – THE UNIFORM TERMS**ARTICLE I
DEFINITIONS**

1.1. Definitions. Capitalized words and phrases used in this Agreement have the meanings stated in 2 CFR 200.1 unless otherwise stated below.

“Allowable Costs” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Award” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Budget” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Catalog of State Financial Assistance” or “CSFA” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Close-out Report” means a report from the Grantee allowing Grantor to determine whether all applicable administrative actions and required work have been completed, and therefore closeout actions can commence.

“Conflict of Interest” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Cooperative Research and Development Agreement” has the same meaning as in 15 USC 3710a.

“Direct Costs” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Financial Assistance” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“GATU” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Grant Agreement” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Grantee Compliance Enforcement System” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Grant Funds” means the Financial Assistance made available to Grantee through this Agreement.

“Grantee Portal” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Indirect Costs” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Indirect Cost Rate” means a device for determining in a reasonable manner the proportion of Indirect Costs each Program should bear. It is a ratio (expressed as a percentage) of the Indirect Costs to a Direct Cost base. If reimbursement of Indirect Costs is allowable under an Award, Grantor will not reimburse those Indirect Costs unless Grantee has established an Indirect Cost Rate covering the applicable activities and period of time, unless Indirect Costs are reimbursed at a fixed rate.

“Indirect Cost Rate Proposal” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Obligations” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Period of Performance” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Prior Approval” has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

“Profit” means an entity’s total revenue less its operating expenses, interest paid, depreciation, and taxes. “Profit” is synonymous with the term “net revenue.”

"Program" means the services to be provided pursuant to this Agreement. "Program" is used interchangeably with "Project."

"Program Costs" means all Allowable Costs incurred by Grantee and the value of the contributions made by third parties in accomplishing the objectives of the Award during the Term of this Agreement.

"Related Parties" has the meaning set forth in Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 850-10-20.

"SAM" has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

"State-issued Award" means the assistance that a grantee receives directly from a State agency. The funding source of the State-issued Award can be federal pass-through, State or a combination thereof. "State-issued Award" does not include the following:

- contracts issued pursuant to the Illinois Procurement Code that a State agency uses to buy goods or services from a contractor or a contract to operate State government-owned, contractor-operated facilities;
- agreements that meet the definition of "contract" under 2 CFR 200.1 and 2 CFR 200.331, which a State agency uses to procure goods or services but are exempt from the Illinois Procurement Code due to an exemption listed under 30 ILCS 500/1-10, or pursuant to a disaster proclamation, executive order, or any other exemption permitted by law;
- amounts received for services rendered to an individual;
- Cooperative Research and Development Agreements;
- an agreement that provides only direct cash assistance to an individual;
- a subsidy;
- a loan;
- a loan guarantee; or
- insurance.

"Illinois Stop Payment List" has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

"Unallowable Cost" has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

"Unique Entity Identifier" or "UEI" has the same meaning as in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.30.

**ARTICLE II
AWARD INFORMATION**

- 2.1. Term. This Agreement is effective **upon execution** and expires on **6/30/2026** (the Term), unless terminated pursuant to this Agreement.
- 2.2. Amount of Agreement. Grant Funds must not exceed **\$124,483** of which **\$0** are federal funds. Grantee accepts Grantor’s payment as specified in this ARTICLE.
- 2.3. Payment. Payment will be made as follows (see additional payment requirements in ARTICLE IV; additional payment provisions specific to this Award may be included in **PART TWO** or **PART THREE**):

The Grantor agrees to make payment to the Grantee for the administration and implementation of the program described in Exhibits A, B, D, and E. Upon receipt of the fiscal and progress reports, payments will be made to the Grantee. No payment will be made until all outstanding reports are received by the Grantor, including outstanding reports from previously funded Grantor programs. No payment will be made to Grantee unless and until Grantee is in full compliance with applicable State and federal laws and the terms and conditions of this agreement.

Grantee must provide for the deposit of grant funds into a bank account in the name of the Grantee. Grant funds shall be immediately deposited into such bank account. Grantee may deposit such funds into an account separate from any of its other bank accounts or treat such funds as a separate line item per its budget and audited financial statements. If Grantee receives more than one award from the Grantor, Grantee shall ensure that the grant funds for each award are accounted for separately.

- 2.4. Award Identification Numbers. If applicable, the Federal Award Identification Number (FAIN) is N/A, the federal awarding agency is N/A, and the Federal Award date is N/A. If applicable, the Assistance Listing Program Title is N/A and Assistance Listing Number is N/A. The Catalog of State Financial Assistance (CSFA) Number is 546-00-2827 and the CSFA Name is Statewide Deferred Prosecution Funding Programs. If applicable, the State Award Identification Number (SAIN) is **2827-63436**.

**ARTICLE III
GRANTEE CERTIFICATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS**

- 3.1. Registration Certification. Grantee certifies that: (i) it is registered with SAM and **N181YBJ9CMD8** is Grantee’s correct UEI; (ii) it is in good standing with the Illinois Secretary of State, if applicable; and (iii) Grantee has successfully completed the annual registration and prequalification through the Grantee Portal.

Grantee must remain current with these registrations and requirements. If Grantee’s status with regard to any of these requirements changes, or the certifications made in and information provided in the uniform grant application changes, Grantee must notify Grantor in accordance with ARTICLE XV.

- 3.2. Tax Identification Certification. Grantee certifies that: **36-6006600** is Grantee’s correct federal employer identification number (FEIN) or Social Security Number. Grantee further certifies, if applicable: (a) that Grantee is not subject to backup withholding because (i) Grantee is exempt from backup withholding, or (ii) Grantee has not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that Grantee is subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (iii) the IRS has notified Grantee that Grantee is no longer subject to backup withholding; and (b) Grantee is a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person. Grantee is doing business as a (check one):

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Individual | <input type="checkbox"/> Pharmacy-Non-Corporate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sole Proprietorship | <input type="checkbox"/> Pharmacy/Funeral Home/Cemetery Corp. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership | <input type="checkbox"/> Tax Exempt |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation (includes Not For Profit) | <input type="checkbox"/> Limited Liability Company (select applicable tax classification) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Corporation | <input type="checkbox"/> P = partnership |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Governmental Unit | <input type="checkbox"/> C = corporation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Estate or Trust | |

If Grantee has not received a payment from the State of Illinois in the last two years, Grantee must submit a W-9 tax form with this Agreement.

3.3. **Compliance with Uniform Grant Rules.** Grantee certifies that it must adhere to the applicable Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, which are published in Title 2, Part 200 of the Code of Federal Regulations (2 CFR Part 200) and are incorporated herein by reference. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.40(c)(1)(A). The requirements of 2 CFR Part 200 apply to the Grant Funds awarded through this Agreement, regardless of whether the original source of the funds is State or federal, unless an exception is noted in federal or State statutes or regulations. 30 ILCS 708/5(b).

3.4. **Representations and Use of Funds.** Grantee certifies under oath that (1) all representations made in this Agreement are true and correct and (2) all Grant Funds awarded pursuant to this Agreement must be used only for the purpose(s) described herein. Grantee acknowledges that the Award is made solely upon this certification and that any false statements, misrepresentations, or material omissions will be the basis for immediate termination of this Agreement and repayment of all Grant Funds.

3.5. **Specific Certifications.** Grantee is responsible for compliance with the enumerated certifications in this Paragraph to the extent that the certifications apply to Grantee.

(a) **Bribery.** Grantee certifies that it has not been convicted of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois, nor made an admission of guilt of such conduct which is a matter of record.

(b) **Bid Rigging.** Grantee certifies that it has not been barred from contracting with a unit of State or local government as a result of a violation of Paragraph 33E-3 or 33E-4 of the Criminal Code of 2012 (720 ILCS 5/33E-3 or 720 ILCS 5/33E-4, respectively).

(c) **Debt to State.** Grantee certifies that neither it, nor its affiliate(s), is/are barred from receiving an Award because Grantee, or its affiliate(s), is/are delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State, unless Grantee, or its affiliate(s), has/have entered into a deferred payment plan to pay off the debt.

(d) **International Boycott.** Grantee certifies that neither it nor any substantially owned affiliated company is participating or will participate in an international boycott in violation of the provision of the Anti-Boycott Act of 2018, Part II of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 USC 4841 through 4843), and the anti-boycott provisions set forth in Part 760 of the federal Export Administration Regulations (15 CFR Parts 730 through 774).

(e) **Discriminatory Club Dues or Fees.** Grantee certifies that it is not prohibited from receiving an Award because it pays dues or fees on behalf of its employees or agents, or subsidizes or otherwise reimburses employees or agents for payment of their dues or fees to any club which unlawfully discriminates (775 ILCS 25/2).

(f) **Pro-Children Act.** Grantee certifies that it is in compliance with the Pro-Children Act of 2001 in that it prohibits smoking in any portion of its facility used for the provision of health, day care, early childhood development services, education or library services to children under the age of eighteen (18) (except such portions of the facilities which are used for inpatient substance abuse treatment) (20 USC 7181-7184).

(g) **Drug-Free Workplace.** If Grantee is not an individual, Grantee certifies it will provide a drug free workplace pursuant to the Drug Free Workplace Act. 30 ILCS 580/3. If Grantee is an individual and this Agreement is valued at more than \$5,000, Grantee certifies it will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance during the performance of the Agreement. 30 ILCS 580/4. Grantee further certifies that if it is a recipient of federal pass-through funds, it is in compliance with the government-wide requirements for a drug-free workplace as set forth in 41 USC 8103.

(h) **Motor Voter Law.** Grantee certifies that it is in full compliance with the terms and provisions of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 USC 20501 *et seq.*).

(i) **Clean Air Act and Clean Water Act.** Grantee certifies that it is in compliance with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401 *et seq.*) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 USC 1251 *et seq.*).

(j) **Debarment.** Grantee certifies that it is not debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment or permanent inclusion on the Illinois Stop Payment List, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this Agreement by any federal department or agency (2 CFR 200.205(a)), or by the State (30 ILCS 708/25(6)(G)).

(k) **Non-procurement Debarment and Suspension.** Grantee certifies that it is in compliance with Subpart C of 2 CFR Part 180 as supplemented by 2 CFR Part 376, Subpart C.

(l) **Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.** Grantee certifies that it is in compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) (Public Law No. 104-191, 45 CFR Parts 160, 162 and 164, and the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1320d-2 through 1320d-7), in that it may not use or disclose protected health information other than as permitted or required by law and agrees to use appropriate safeguards to prevent use or disclosure of the protected health information. Grantee must maintain, for a minimum of six (6) years, all protected health information.

(m) **Criminal Convictions.** Grantee certifies that:

(i) Neither it nor a managerial agent of Grantee (for non-governmental grantees only, this includes any officer, director or partner of Grantee) has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, nor a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or that at least five (5) years have passed since the date of the conviction; and

(ii) It must disclose to Grantor all violations of criminal law involving fraud, bribery or gratuity violations potentially affecting this Award. Failure to disclose may result in remedial actions as stated in the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act. 30 ILCS 708/40. Additionally, if Grantee receives over \$10 million in total federal Financial Assistance, during the period of this Award, Grantee must maintain the currency of information reported to SAM regarding civil, criminal or administrative proceedings as required by 2 CFR 200.113 and Appendix XII of 2 CFR Part 200, and 30 ILCS 708/40.

(n) **Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA).** Grantee certifies that it is in compliance with the terms and requirements of 31 USC 6101 with respect to Federal Awards greater than or equal to \$30,000. A FFATA subaward report must be filed by the end of the month following the month in which the award was made.

(o) **Illinois Works Review Panel.** For Awards made for public works projects, as defined in the Illinois Works Jobs Program Act, Grantee certifies that it and any contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) that performs work using funds from this Award, must, upon reasonable notice, appear before and respond to requests for information from the Illinois Works Review Panel. 30 ILCS 559/20-25(d).

(p) **Anti-Discrimination.** Grantee certifies that its employees and subcontractors under subcontract made pursuant to this Agreement, must comply with all applicable provisions of State and federal laws and regulations pertaining to nondiscrimination, sexual harassment and equal employment opportunity including, but not limited to: Illinois Human Rights Act (775 ILCS 5/1-101 *et seq.*), including, without limitation, 44 Ill. Admin. Code 750- Appendix A, which is incorporated herein; Public Works Employment Discrimination Act (775 ILCS 10/1 *et seq.*); Civil Rights Act of 1964 (as amended) (42 USC 2000a - 2000h-6); Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC 794); Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (as amended) (42 USC 12101 *et seq.*); and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 USC 6101 *et seq.*).

(q) **Internal Revenue Code and Illinois Income Tax Act.** Grantee certifies that it complies with all provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 USC 1), the Illinois Income Tax Act (35 ILCS 5), and all regulations and rules promulgated thereunder, including withholding provisions and timely deposits of employee taxes and unemployment insurance taxes.

ARTICLE IV PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS

4.1. Availability of Appropriation; Sufficiency of Funds. This Agreement is contingent upon and subject to the availability of sufficient funds. Grantor may terminate or suspend this Agreement, in whole or in part, without penalty or further payment being required, if (i) sufficient funds for this Agreement have not been appropriated or otherwise made available to Grantor by the State or the federal funding source, (ii) the Governor or Grantor reserves funds, or (iii) the Governor or Grantor determines that funds will not or may not be available for payment. Grantor must provide notice, in writing, to

Grantee of any such funding failure and its election to terminate or suspend this Agreement as soon as practicable. Any suspension or termination pursuant to this Paragraph will be effective upon the date of the written notice unless otherwise indicated.

4.2. Pre-Award Costs. Pre-award costs are not permitted unless specifically authorized by Grantor in Exhibit A, PART TWO or PART THREE of this Agreement. If they are authorized, pre-award costs must be charged to the initial Budget Period of the Award, unless otherwise specified by Grantor. 2 CFR 200.458.

4.3. Return of Grant Funds. Grantee must liquidate all Obligations incurred under the Award within forty-five (45) days of the end of the Period of Performance, or in the case of capital improvement Awards, within forty-five (45) days of the end of the time period the Grant Funds are available for expenditure or obligation, unless Grantor permits a longer period in PART TWO OR PART THREE. Grantee must return to Grantor within forty-five (45) days of the end of the applicable time period as set forth in this Paragraph all remaining Grant Funds that are not expended or legally obligated.

4.4. Cash Management Improvement Act of 1990. Unless notified otherwise in PART TWO or PART THREE, Grantee must manage federal funds received under this Agreement in accordance with the Cash Management Improvement Act of 1990 (31 USC 6501 *et seq.*) and any other applicable federal laws or regulations. 2 CFR 200.305; 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.120.

4.5. Payments to Third Parties. Grantor will have no liability to Grantee when Grantor acts in good faith to redirect all or a portion of any Grantee payment to a third party. Grantor will be deemed to have acted in good faith when it is in possession of information that indicates Grantee authorized Grantor to intercept or redirect payments to a third party or when so ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.

4.6. Modifications to Estimated Amount. If the Agreement amount is established on an estimated basis, then it may be increased by mutual agreement at any time during the Term. Grantor may decrease the estimated amount of this Agreement at any time during the Term if (i) Grantor believes Grantee will not use the funds during the Term, (ii) Grantor believes Grantee has used Grant Funds in a manner that was not authorized by this Agreement, (iii) sufficient funds for this Agreement have not been appropriated or otherwise made available to Grantor by the State or the federal funding source, (iv) the Governor or Grantor reserves funds, or (v) the Governor or Grantor determines that funds will or may not be available for payment. Grantee will be notified, in writing, of any adjustment of the estimated amount of this Agreement. In the event of such reduction, services provided by Grantee under Exhibit A may be reduced accordingly. Grantor must pay Grantee for work satisfactorily performed prior to the date of the notice regarding adjustment. 2 CFR 200.308.

4.7. Interest.

(a) All interest earned on Grant Funds held by a Grantee or a subrecipient will be treated in accordance with 2 CFR 200.305(b)(12), unless otherwise provided in PART TWO or PART THREE. Grantee and its subrecipients must remit annually any amount due in accordance with 2 CFR 200.305(b)(12) or to Grantor, as applicable.

(b) Grant Funds must be placed in an insured account, whenever possible, that bears interest, unless exempted under 2 CFR 200.305(b)(10), (b)(11).

4.8. Timely Billing Required. Grantee must submit any payment request to Grantor within fifteen (15) days of the end of the quarter, unless another billing schedule is specified in ARTICLE II, PART TWO, or PART THREE. Failure to submit such payment request timely will render the amounts billed Unallowable Costs which Grantor cannot reimburse. In the event that Grantee is unable, for good cause, to submit its payment request timely, Grantee shall timely notify Grantor and may request an extension of time to submit the payment request. Grantor's approval of Grantee's request for an extension shall not be unreasonably withheld.

4.9. Certification. Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.415, each invoice and report submitted by Grantee (or subrecipient) must contain the following certification by an official authorized to legally bind Grantee (or subrecipient):

By signing this report [or payment request or both], I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that the report [or payment request] is true, complete, and accurate; that the expenditures, disbursements and cash receipts are for the purposes and objectives set forth in the terms and conditions of the State or federal pass-through award; and that supporting documentation has been submitted as required by the grant agreement. I acknowledge that approval for any other expenditure described herein is considered conditional subject to

further review and verification in accordance with the monitoring and records retention provisions of the grant agreement. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent information, or the omission of any material fact, may subject me to criminal, civil or administrative penalties for fraud, false statements, false claims or otherwise (U.S. Code Title 18, Sections 2, 1001, 1343 and Title 31, Sections 3729-3730 and 3801-3812; 30 ILCS 708/120).

ARTICLE V SCOPE OF AWARD ACTIVITIES/PURPOSE OF AWARD

5.1. Scope of Award Activities/Purpose of Award. Grantee must perform as described in this Agreement, including as described in Exhibit A (Project Description), Exhibit B (Deliverables or Milestones), and Exhibit D (Performance Measures and Standards), as applicable. Grantee must further comply with all terms and conditions set forth in the Notice of State Award (44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.360) which is incorporated herein by reference. All Grantor-specific provisions and programmatic reporting required under this Agreement are described in PART TWO (Grantor-Specific Terms). All Project-specific provisions and reporting required under this Agreement are described in PART THREE (Project-Specific Terms).

5.2. Scope Revisions. Grantee must obtain Prior Approval from Grantor whenever a scope revision is necessary for one or more of the reasons enumerated in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.370(b)(2). All requests for scope revisions that require Grantor approval must be signed by Grantee's authorized representative and submitted to Grantor for approval. Expenditure of funds under a requested revision is prohibited and will not be reimbursed if expended before Grantor gives written approval. 2 CFR 200.308.

5.3. Specific Conditions. If applicable, specific conditions required after a risk assessment are included in Exhibit E. Grantee must adhere to the specific conditions listed therein. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.340(e).

ARTICLE VI BUDGET

6.1. Budget. The Budget submitted by Grantee at application, or a revised Budget subsequently submitted and approved by Grantor, is considered final and is incorporated herein by reference.

6.2. Budget Revisions. Grantee must obtain Prior Approval, whether mandated or discretionary, from Grantor whenever a Budget revision is necessary for one or more of the reasons enumerated in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.370(b). All requests for Budget revisions that require Grantor approval must be signed by Grantee's authorized representative and submitted to Grantor for approval. Expenditure of funds under a requested revision is prohibited and will not be reimbursed if expended before Grantor gives written approval.

6.3. Notification. Within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of receipt of the request for Budget revisions, Grantor will review the request and notify Grantee whether the Budget revision has been approved, denied, or the date upon which a decision will be reached. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.370(b)(7).

ARTICLE VII ALLOWABLE COSTS

7.1. Allowability of Costs; Cost Allocation Methods. The allowability of costs and cost allocation methods for work performed under this Agreement will be determined in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart E and Appendices III, IV, V, and VII.

7.2. Indirect Cost Rate Submission.

(a) All grantees, except for Local Education Agencies (as defined in 34 CFR 77.1), must make an Indirect Cost Rate election in the Grantee Portal, even grantees that do not charge or expect to charge Indirect Costs. 44 Ill.

Admin. Code 7000.420(e).

(i) Waived and de minimis Indirect Cost Rate elections will remain in effect until Grantee elects a different option.

(b) Grantee must submit an Indirect Cost Rate Proposal in accordance with federal and State regulations, in a format prescribed by Grantor. For grantees who have never negotiated an Indirect Cost Rate before, the Indirect Cost Rate Proposal must be submitted for approval no later than three months after the effective date of the Award. For grantees who have previously negotiated an Indirect Cost Rate, the Indirect Cost Rate Proposal must be submitted for approval within 180 days of Grantee's fiscal year end, as dictated in the applicable appendices, such as:

- (i) Appendix VII to 2 CFR Part 200 governs Indirect Cost Rate Proposals for state and Local Governments and Indian Tribes,
- (ii) Appendix III to 2 CFR Part 200 governs Indirect Cost Rate Proposals for public and private institutions of higher education,
- (iii) Appendix IV to 2 CFR Part 200 governs Indirect (F&A) Costs Identification and Assignment, and Rate Determination for Nonprofit Organizations, and
- (iv) Appendix V to 2 CFR Part 200 governs state/Local Government-wide Central Service Cost Allocation Plans.

(c) A grantee who has a current, applicable rate negotiated by a cognizant federal agency must provide to Grantor a copy of its Indirect Cost Rate acceptance letter from the federal government and a copy of all documentation regarding the allocation methodology for costs used to negotiate that rate, e.g., without limitation, the cost policy statement or disclosure narrative statement. Grantor will accept that Indirect Cost Rate, up to any statutory, rule-based or programmatic limit.

(d) A grantee who does not have a current negotiated rate, may elect to charge a *de minimis* rate up to 15 percent of modified total direct costs, which may be used indefinitely. No documentation is required to justify the *de minimis* Indirect Cost Rate. 2 CFR 200.414(f).

7.3. Transfer of Costs. Cost transfers between Grants, whether as a means to compensate for cost overruns or for other reasons, are unallowable. 2 CFR 200.451.

7.4. Commercial Organization Cost Principles. The federal cost principles and procedures for cost analysis and the determination, negotiation and allowance of costs that apply to commercial organizations are set forth in 48 CFR Part 31.

7.5. Financial Management Standards. The financial management systems of Grantee must meet the following standards:

(a) **Accounting System**. Grantee organizations must have an accounting system that provides accurate, current, and complete disclosure of all financial transactions related to each state- and federally-funded Program. Accounting records must contain information pertaining to State and federal pass-through awards, authorizations, Obligations, unobligated balances, assets, outlays, and income. These records must be maintained on a current basis and balanced at least quarterly. Cash contributions to the Program from third parties must be accounted for in the general ledger with other Grant Funds. Third party in-kind (non-cash) contributions are not required to be recorded in the general ledger, but must be under accounting control, possibly through the use of a memorandum ledger. To comply with 2 CFR 200.305(b)(9) and 30 ILCS 708/97, Grantee must use reasonable efforts to ensure that funding streams are delineated within Grantee's accounting system. 2 CFR 200.302.

(b) **Source Documentation**. Accounting records must be supported by such source documentation as canceled checks, bank statements, invoices, paid bills, donor letters, time and attendance records, activity reports, travel reports, contractual and consultant agreements, and subaward documentation. All supporting documentation must be clearly identified with the Award and general ledger accounts which are to be charged or credited.

(i) The documentation standards for salary charges to Grants are prescribed by 2 CFR 200.430, and in the cost principles applicable to the Grantee's organization.

(ii) If records do not meet the standards in 2 CFR 200.430, then Grantor may notify Grantee in **PART TWO, PART THREE** or **Exhibit E** of the requirement to submit personnel activity reports. 2 CFR

200.430(g)(8). Personnel activity reports must account on an after-the-fact basis for one hundred percent (100%) of the employee's actual time, separately indicating the time spent on the Award, other grants or projects, vacation or sick leave, and administrative time, if applicable. The reports must be signed by the employee, approved by the appropriate official, and coincide with a pay period. These time records must be used to record the distribution of salary costs to the appropriate accounts no less frequently than quarterly.

(iii) Formal agreements with independent contractors, such as consultants, must include a description of the services to be performed, the period of performance, the fee and method of payment, an itemization of travel and other costs which are chargeable to the agreement, and the signatures of both the contractor and an appropriate official of Grantee.

(iv) If third party in-kind (non-cash) contributions are used for Award purposes, the valuation of these contributions must be supported with adequate documentation.

(c) **Internal Control.** Grantee must maintain effective control and accountability for all cash, real and personal property, and other assets. Grantee must adequately safeguard all such property and must provide assurance that it is used solely for authorized purposes. Grantee must also have systems in place that provide reasonable assurance that the information is accurate, allowable, and compliant with the terms and conditions of this Agreement. 2 CFR 200.303.

(d) **Budget Control.** Grantee must maintain records of expenditures for each Award by the cost categories of the approved Budget (including Indirect Costs that are charged to the Award), and actual expenditures are to be compared with budgeted amounts at least quarterly.

(e) **Cash Management.** Requests for advance payment must be limited to Grantee's immediate cash needs. Grantee must have written procedures to minimize the time elapsing between the receipt and the disbursement of Grant Funds to avoid having excess funds on hand. 2 CFR 200.305.

7.6. **Profits.** It is not permitted for any person or entity to earn a Profit from an Award. *See, e.g.,* 2 CFR 200.400(g); *see also* 30 ILCS 708/60(a)(7).

7.7. **Management of Program Income.** Grantee is encouraged to earn income to defray Program Costs where appropriate, subject to 2 CFR 200.307.

ARTICLE VIII LOBBYING

8.1. **Improper Influence.** Grantee certifies that it will not use and has not used Grant Funds to influence or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any government agency or a member or employee of the State or federal legislature in connection with the awarding of any agreement, the making of any grant, the making of any loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment or modification of any agreement, grant, loan or cooperative agreement. Additionally, Grantee certifies that it has filed the required certification under the Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment (31 USC 1352), if applicable.

8.2. **Federal Form LLL.** If any federal funds, other than federally-appropriated funds, were paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence any of the above persons in connection with this Agreement, the undersigned must also complete and submit Federal Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Form, in accordance with its instructions.

8.3. **Lobbying Costs.** Grantee certifies that it is in compliance with the restrictions on lobbying set forth in 2 CFR 200.450. For any Indirect Costs associated with this Agreement, total lobbying costs must be separately identified in the Program Budget, and thereafter treated as other Unallowable Costs.

8.4. **Procurement Lobbying.** Grantee warrants and certifies that it and, to the best of its knowledge, its subrecipients have complied and will comply with Illinois Executive Order No. 1 (2007) (EO 1-2007). EO 1-2007 generally prohibits grantees and subcontractors from hiring the then-serving Governor's family members to lobby procurement activities of the State, or any other unit of government in Illinois including local governments, if that procurement may result in a contract valued at over \$25,000. This prohibition also applies to hiring for that same purpose any former State employee who had procurement authority at any time during the one-year period preceding the procurement lobbying activity.

8.5. Subawards. Grantee must include the language of this ARTICLE in the award documents for any subawards made pursuant to this Award at all tiers. All subrecipients are also subject to certification and disclosure. Pursuant to Appendix II(I) to 2 CFR Part 200, Grantee must forward all disclosures by contractors regarding this certification to Grantor.

8.6. Certification. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed to enter into this transaction and is a prerequisite for this transaction, pursuant to 31 USC 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certifications will be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

ARTICLE IX MAINTENANCE AND ACCESSIBILITY OF RECORDS; MONITORING

9.1. Records Retention. Grantee must maintain for three (3) years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report, adequate books, all financial records and, supporting documents, statistical records, and all other records pertinent to this Award, adequate to comply with 2 CFR 200.334, unless a different retention period is specified in 2 CFR 200.334, 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.430(a) and (b) or **PART TWO** or **PART THREE**. If any litigation, claim or audit is started before the expiration of the retention period, the records must be retained until all litigation, claims or audit exceptions involving the records have been resolved and final action taken.

9.2. Accessibility of Records. Grantee, in compliance with 2 CFR 200.337 and 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.430(f), must make books, records, related papers, supporting documentation and personnel relevant to this Agreement available to authorized Grantor representatives, the Illinois Auditor General, Illinois Attorney General, any Executive Inspector General, Grantor's Inspector General, federal authorities, any person identified in 2 CFR 200.337, and any other person as may be authorized by Grantor (including auditors), by the State of Illinois or by federal statute. Grantee must cooperate fully in any such audit or inquiry.

9.3. Failure to Maintain Books and Records. Failure to maintain adequate books, records and supporting documentation, as described in this ARTICLE, will result in the disallowance of costs for which there is insufficient supporting documentation and also establishes a presumption in favor of the State for the recovery of any Grant Funds paid by the State under this Agreement for which adequate books, records and supporting documentation are not available to support disbursement.

9.4. Monitoring and Access to Information. Grantee must monitor its activities to assure compliance with applicable state and federal requirements and to assure its performance expectations are being achieved. Grantor will monitor the activities of Grantee to assure compliance with all requirements, including applicable programmatic rules, regulations, and guidelines that the Grantor promulgates or implements, and performance expectations of the Award. Grantee must timely submit all financial and performance reports, and must supply, upon Grantor's request, documents and information relevant to the Award. Grantor may make site visits as warranted by Program needs. 2 CFR 200.329; 200.332. Additional monitoring requirements may be in **PART TWO** or **PART THREE**.

ARTICLE X FINANCIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

10.1. Required Periodic Financial Reports. Grantee must submit financial reports as requested and in the format required by Grantor no later than the dues date(s) specified in **PART TWO** or **PART THREE**. Grantee must submit reports to Grantor describing the expenditure(s) of the funds related thereto at the intervals specified by Grantor, which must be no less frequent than annually and no more frequent than quarterly, unless otherwise specified in either **PART TWO** or **PART THREE** (approved as an exception by GATU) or on **Exhibit E** pursuant to specific conditions. 2 CFR 200.328(b). Any report required by 30 ILCS 708/125 may be detailed in **PART TWO** or **PART THREE**.

10.2. Financial Close-out Report.

(a) Grantee must submit a financial Close-out Report, in the format required by Grantor, by the due date specified in **PART TWO** or **PART THREE**, which must be no later than sixty (60) calendar days following the end of the Period of Performance for this Agreement or Agreement termination. The format of this financial Close-out Report must follow a format prescribed by Grantor. 2 CFR 200.344; 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.440(b).

(b) If an audit or review of Grantee occurs and results in adjustments after Grantee submits a Close-out Report, Grantee must submit a new financial Close-out Report based on audit adjustments, and immediately submit a refund to Grantor, if applicable. 2 CFR 200.345; 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.450.

10.3. Effect of Failure to Comply. Failure to comply with the reporting requirements in this Agreement may cause a delay or suspension of funding or require the return of improper payments or Unallowable Costs, and will be considered a material breach of this Agreement. Grantee's failure to comply with ARTICLE X, ARTICLE XI, or ARTICLE XVII will be considered prima facie evidence of a breach and may be admitted as such, without further proof, into evidence in an administrative proceeding before Grantor, or in any other legal proceeding. Grantee should refer to the State Grantee Compliance Enforcement System for policy and consequences for failure to comply. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.80.

ARTICLE XI PERFORMANCE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

11.1. Required Periodic Performance Reports. Grantee must submit performance reports as requested and in the format required by Grantor no later than the due date(s) specified in PART TWO or PART THREE. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.410. Grantee must report to Grantor on the performance measures listed in Exhibit D, PART TWO or PART THREE at the intervals specified by Grantor, which must be no less frequent than annually and no more frequent than quarterly, unless otherwise specified in either PART TWO or PART THREE (approved as an exception by GATU), or on Exhibit E pursuant to specific conditions. For certain construction-related Awards, such reports may be exempted as identified in PART TWO or PART THREE. 2 CFR 200.329.

11.2. Performance Close-out Report. Grantee must submit a performance Close-out Report, in the format required by Grantor by the due date specified in PART TWO or PART THREE, which must be no later than 60 calendar days following the end of the Period of Performance or Agreement termination. 2 CFR 200.344; 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.440(b).

11.3. Content of Performance Reports. Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.329(b) and (c), all performance reports must relate the financial data and project or program accomplishments to the performance goals and objectives of this Award and also include the following: a comparison of actual accomplishments to the objectives of the Award established for the reporting period (for example, comparing costs to units of accomplishment); computation of the cost and demonstration of cost effective practices (e.g., through unit cost data); performance trend data and analysis if required; the reasons why established goals were not met, if appropriate; and additional information, analysis, and explanation of any cost overruns or higher-than-expected unit costs. Additional content and format guidelines for the performance reports will be determined by Grantor contingent on the Award's statutory, regulatory and administrative requirements, and are included in PART TWO or PART THREE of this Agreement.

ARTICLE XII AUDIT REQUIREMENTS

12.1. Audits. Grantee is subject to the audit requirements contained in the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (31 USC 7501-7507), Subpart F of 2 CFR Part 200, and the audit rules and policies set forth by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget. 30 ILCS 708/65(c); 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.90.

12.2. Consolidated Year-End Financial Reports (CYEFR). All grantees must complete and submit a CYEFR through the Grantee Portal, except those exempted by federal or State statute or regulation, as set forth in PART TWO or PART THREE. The CYEFR is a required schedule in Grantee's audit report if Grantee is required to complete and submit an audit report as set forth herein.

(a) Grantee's CYEFR must cover the same period as the audited financial statements, if required, and must be submitted in accordance with the audit schedule at 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.90. If Grantee is not required to complete audited financial statements, the CYEFR must cover Grantee's fiscal year and must be submitted within 6 months of the Grantee's fiscal year-end.

(b) The CYEFR must include an in relation to opinion from the auditor of the financial statements included in the audit.

- (c) The CYEFR must follow a format prescribed by Grantor.

12.3. Entities That Are Not “For-Profit”.

- (a) This Paragraph applies to Grantees that are not “for-profit” entities.

(b) Single and Program-Specific Audits. If, during its fiscal year, Grantee expends at least \$1,000,000 in federal Awards (direct federal and federal pass-through awards combined), Grantee must have a single audit or program-specific audit conducted for that year as required by 2 CFR 200.501 and other applicable sections of Subpart F of 2 CFR Part 200. The audit report packet must be completed as described in 2 CFR 200.512 (single audit) or 2 CFR 200.507 (program-specific audit), 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.90(h)(1) and the current GATA audit manual and submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse, as required by 2 CFR 200.512. The results of peer and external quality control reviews, management letters issued by the auditors and their respective corrective action plans if significant deficiencies or material weaknesses are identified, and the CYEFR(s) must be submitted to the Grantee Portal at the same time the audit report packet is submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse. The due date of all required submissions set forth in this Paragraph is the earlier of (i) thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the auditor’s report(s) or (ii) nine (9) months after the end of Grantee’s audit period.

(c) Financial Statement Audit. If, during its fiscal year, Grantee expends less than \$1,000,000 in federal Awards, Grantee is subject to the following audit requirements:

(i) If, during its fiscal year, Grantee expends at least \$750,000 in State-issued Awards, Grantee must have a financial statement audit conducted in accordance with the Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS). Grantee may be subject to additional requirements in **PART TWO, PART THREE** or **Exhibit E** based on Grantee’s risk profile.

(ii) If, during its fiscal year, Grantee expends less than \$750,000 in State-issued Awards, but expends at least \$500,000 in State-issued Awards, Grantee must have a financial statement audit conducted in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS).

(iii) If Grantee is a Local Education Agency (as defined in 34 CFR 77.1), Grantee must have a financial statement audit conducted in accordance with GAGAS, as required by 23 Ill. Admin. Code 100.110, regardless of the dollar amount of expenditures of State-issued Awards.

(iv) If Grantee does not meet the requirements in subsections 12.3(b) and 12.3(c)(i-iii) but is required to have a financial statement audit conducted based on other regulatory requirements, Grantee must submit those audits for review.

(v) Grantee must submit its financial statement audit report packet, as set forth in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.90(h)(2) and the current GATA audit manual, to the Grantee Portal within the earlier of (i) thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the auditor’s report(s) or (ii) six (6) months after the end of Grantee’s audit period.

12.4. “For-Profit” Entities.

- (a) This Paragraph applies to Grantees that are “for-profit” entities.

(b) Program-Specific Audit. If, during its fiscal year, Grantee expends at least \$1,000,000 in federal pass-through funds from State-issued Awards, Grantee must have a program-specific audit conducted in accordance with 2 CFR 200.507. The auditor must audit federal pass-through programs with federal pass-through Awards expended that, in the aggregate, cover at least 50 percent (0.50) of total federal pass-through Awards expended. The audit report packet must be completed as described in 2 CFR 200.507 (program-specific audit), 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.90 and the current GATA audit manual, and must be submitted to the Grantee Portal. The due date of all required submissions set forth in this Paragraph is the earlier of (i) thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the auditor’s report(s) or (ii) nine (9) months after the end of Grantee’s audit period.

(c) Financial Statement Audit. If, during its fiscal year, Grantee expends less than \$1,000,000 in federal pass-through funds from State-issued Awards, Grantee must follow all of the audit requirements in Paragraphs 12.3(c)(i)-(v), above.

(d) Publicly-Traded Entities. If Grantee is a publicly-traded company, Grantee is not subject to the single audit or program-specific audit requirements, but must submit its annual audit conducted in accordance with its

regulatory requirements.

12.5. Performance of Audits. For those organizations required to submit an independent audit report, the audit must be conducted by the Illinois Auditor General (as required for certain governmental entities only), or a Certified Public Accountant or Certified Public Accounting Firm licensed in the State of Illinois or in accordance with Section 5.2 of the Illinois Public Accounting Act (225 ILCS 450/5.2). For all audits required to be performed subject to GAGAS or Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, Grantee must request and maintain on file a copy of the auditor's most recent peer review report and acceptance letter. Grantee must follow procedures prescribed by Grantor for the preparation and submission of audit reports and any related documents.

12.6. Delinquent Reports. When audit reports or financial statements required under this ARTICLE are prepared by the Illinois Auditor General, if they are not available by the above-specified due date, they must be provided to Grantor within thirty (30) days of becoming available. Grantee should refer to the State Grantee Compliance Enforcement System for the policy and consequences for late reporting. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.80.

ARTICLE XIII TERMINATION; SUSPENSION; NON-COMPLIANCE

13.1. Termination.

(a) Either Party may terminate this Agreement, in whole or in part, upon thirty (30) calendar days' prior written notice to the other Party.

(b) If terminated by the Grantee, Grantee must include the reasons for such termination, the effective date, and, in the case of a partial termination, the portion to be terminated. If Grantor determines in the case of a partial termination that the reduced or modified portion of the Award will not accomplish the purposes for which the Award was made, Grantor may terminate the Agreement in its entirety. 2 CFR 200.340(a)(3).

(c) This Agreement may be terminated, in whole or in part, by Grantor:

(i) Pursuant to a funding failure under Paragraph 4.1;

(ii) If Grantee fails to comply with the terms and conditions of this or any Award, application or proposal, including any applicable rules or regulations, or has made a false representation in connection with the receipt of this or any Award; or

(iii) If the Award no longer effectuates the Program goals or agency priorities and if this termination is permitted in the terms and conditions of the Award, which must be detailed in **Exhibit A, PART TWO** or **PART THREE**.

13.2. Suspension. Grantor may suspend this Agreement, in whole or in part, pursuant to a funding failure under Paragraph 4.1 or if the Grantee fails to comply with terms and conditions of this or any Award. If suspension is due to Grantee's failure to comply, Grantor may withhold further payment and prohibit Grantee from incurring additional Obligations pending corrective action by Grantee or a decision to terminate this Agreement by Grantor. Grantor may allow necessary and proper costs that Grantee could not reasonably avoid during the period of suspension.

13.3. Non-compliance. If Grantee fails to comply with the U.S. Constitution, applicable statutes, regulations or the terms and conditions of this or any Award, Grantor may impose additional conditions on Grantee, as described in 2 CFR 200.208. If Grantor determines that non-compliance cannot be remedied by imposing additional conditions, Grantor may take one or more of the actions described in 2 CFR 200.339. The Parties must follow all Grantor policies and procedures regarding non-compliance, including, but not limited to, the procedures set forth in the State Grantee Compliance Enforcement System. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.80 and 7000.260.

13.4. Objection. If Grantor suspends or terminates this Agreement, in whole or in part, for cause, or takes any other action in response to Grantee's non-compliance, Grantee may avail itself of any opportunities to object and challenge such suspension, termination or other action by Grantor in accordance with any applicable processes and procedures, including, but not limited to, the procedures set forth in the State Grantee Compliance Enforcement System. 2 CFR 200.342; 44 Ill. Admin. Code

7000.80 and 7000.260.

13.5. Effects of Suspension and Termination.

(a) Grantor may credit Grantee for allowable expenditures incurred in the performance of authorized services under this Agreement prior to the effective date of a suspension or termination.

(b) Except as set forth in subparagraph (c), below, Grantee must not incur any costs or Obligations that require the use of Grant Funds after the effective date of a suspension or termination, and must cancel as many outstanding Obligations as possible.

(c) Costs to Grantee resulting from Obligations incurred by Grantee during a suspension or after termination of the Agreement are not allowable unless Grantor expressly authorizes them in the notice of suspension or termination or subsequently. However, Grantor may allow costs during a suspension or after termination if:

(i) The costs result from Obligations properly incurred before the effective date of suspension or termination, are not in anticipation of the suspension or termination, and the costs would be allowable if the Agreement was not suspended or terminated prematurely. 2 CFR 200.343.

13.6. Close-out of Terminated Agreements. If this Agreement is terminated, in whole or in part, the Parties must comply with all close-out and post-termination requirements of this Agreement. 2 CFR 200.340(d).

**ARTICLE XIV
SUBCONTRACTS/SUBAWARDS**

14.1. Subcontracting/Subrecipients/Delegation. Grantee must not subcontract nor issue a subaward for any portion of this Agreement nor delegate any duties hereunder without Prior Approval of Grantor. The requirement for Prior Approval is satisfied if the subcontractor or subrecipient has been identified in the uniform grant application, such as, without limitation, a Project description, and Grantor has approved. Grantee must follow all applicable requirements set forth in 2 CFR 200.332.

14.2. Application of Terms. If Grantee enters into a subaward agreement with a subrecipient, Grantee must notify the subrecipient of the applicable laws and regulations and terms and conditions of this Award by attaching this Agreement to the subaward agreement. The terms of this Agreement apply to all subawards authorized in accordance with Paragraph 14.1. 2 CFR 200.101(b).

14.3. Liability as Guaranty. Grantee will be liable as guarantor for any Grant Funds it obligates to a subrecipient or subcontractor pursuant to this ARTICLE in the event Grantor determines the funds were either misspent or are being improperly held and the subrecipient or subcontractor is insolvent or otherwise fails to return the funds. 2 CFR 200.345; 30 ILCS 705/6; 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.450(a).

**ARTICLE XV
NOTICE OF CHANGE**

15.1. Notice of Change. Grantee must notify Grantor if there is a change in Grantee's legal status, FEIN, UEI, SAM registration status, Related Parties, senior management (for non-governmental grantees only) or address. If the change is anticipated, Grantee must give thirty (30) days' prior written notice to Grantor. If the change is unanticipated, Grantee must give notice as soon as practicable thereafter. Grantor reserves the right to take any and all appropriate action as a result of such change(s).

15.2. Failure to Provide Notification. To the extent permitted by Illinois law (see Paragraph 21.2), Grantee must hold harmless Grantor for any acts or omissions of Grantor resulting from Grantee's failure to notify Grantor as required by Paragraph 15.1.

15.3. Notice of Impact. Grantee must notify Grantor in writing of any event, including, by not limited to, becoming a party to litigation, an investigation, or transaction that may have a material impact on Grantee's ability to perform under this Agreement. Grantee must provide notice to Grantor as soon as possible, but no later than five (5) days after Grantee becomes

aware that the event may have a material impact.

15.4. Effect of Failure to Provide Notice. Failure to provide the notice described in this ARTICLE is grounds for termination of this Agreement and any costs incurred after the date notice should have been given may be disallowed.

ARTICLE XVI STRUCTURAL REORGANIZATION AND RECONSTITUTION OF BOARD MEMBERSHIP

16.1. Effect of Reorganization. This Agreement is made by and between Grantor and Grantee, as Grantee is currently organized and constituted. Grantor does not agree to continue this Agreement, or any license related thereto, should Grantee significantly reorganize or otherwise substantially change the character of its corporate structure, business structure or governance structure. Grantee must give Grantor prior notice of any such action or changes significantly affecting its overall structure or, for non-governmental grantees only, management makeup (for example, a merger or a corporate restructuring), and must provide all reasonable documentation necessary for Grantor to review the proposed transaction including financial records and corporate and shareholder minutes of any corporation which may be involved. Grantor reserves the right to terminate the Agreement based on whether the newly organized entity is able to carry out the requirements of the Award. This ARTICLE does not require Grantee to report on minor changes in the makeup of its board membership or governance structure, as applicable. Nevertheless, **PART TWO** or **PART THREE** may impose further restrictions. Failure to comply with this ARTICLE constitutes a material breach of this Agreement.

ARTICLE XVII CONFLICT OF INTEREST

17.1. Required Disclosures. Grantee must immediately disclose in writing any potential or actual Conflict of Interest to Grantor. 2 CFR 200.112; 30 ILCS 708/35.

17.2. Prohibited Payments. Payments made by Grantor under this Agreement must not be used by Grantee to compensate, directly or indirectly, any person currently holding an elective office in this State including, but not limited to, a seat in the General Assembly. In addition, where Grantee is not an instrumentality of the State of Illinois, as described in this Paragraph, Grantee must request permission from Grantor to compensate, directly or indirectly, any officer or any person employed by an office or agency of the State of Illinois. An instrumentality of the State of Illinois includes, without limitation, State departments, agencies, boards, and State universities. An instrumentality of the State of Illinois does not include, without limitation, units of Local Government and related entities.

17.3. Request for Exemption. Grantee may request written approval from Grantor for an exemption from Paragraph 17.2. Grantee acknowledges that Grantor is under no obligation to provide such exemption and that Grantor may grant an such exemption subject to additional terms and conditions as Grantor may require.

ARTICLE XVIII EQUIPMENT OR PROPERTY

18.1. Purchase of Equipment. For any equipment purchased in whole or in part with Grant Funds, if Grantor determines that Grantee has not met the conditions of 2 CFR 200.439, the costs for such equipment will be disallowed. Grantor must notify Grantee in writing that the purchase of equipment is disallowed.

18.2. Prohibition against Disposition/Encumbrance. Any equipment, material, or real property that Grantee purchases or improves with Grant Funds must not be sold, transferred, encumbered (other than original financing) or otherwise disposed of during the Award Term without Prior Approval of Grantor unless a longer period is required in **PART TWO** or **PART THREE** and permitted by 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart D. Use or disposition of real property acquired or improved using Grant Funds must comply with the requirements of 2 CFR 200.311. Real property, equipment, and intangible property that are acquired or improved in whole or in part using Grant Funds are subject to the provisions of 2 CFR 200.316. Grantor may require the Grantee to record liens or other appropriate notices of record to indicate that personal or real property has been acquired or improved with this Award and that use and disposition conditions apply to the property.

18.3. Equipment and Procurement. Grantee must comply with the uniform standards set forth in 2 CFR 200.310–

200.316 governing the management and disposition of property, the cost of which was supported by Grant Funds. Any waiver from such compliance must be granted by either the President's Office of Management and Budget, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, or both, depending on the source of the Grant Funds used. Additionally, Grantee must comply with the standards set forth in 2 CFR 200.317-200.327 to establish procedures to use Grant Funds for the procurement of supplies and other expendable property, equipment, real property and other services.

18.4. Equipment Instructions. Grantee must obtain disposition instructions from Grantor when equipment, purchased in whole or in part with Grant Funds, is no longer needed for their original purpose. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, Grantor may require transfer of any equipment to Grantor or a third party for any reason, including, without limitation, if Grantor terminates the Award or Grantee no longer conducts Award activities. Grantee must properly maintain, track, use, store and insure the equipment according to applicable best practices, manufacturer's guidelines, federal and state laws or rules, and Grantor requirements stated herein.

18.5. Domestic Preferences for Procurements. In accordance with 2 CFR 200.322, to the greatest extent practicable and consistent with law, Grantee must, under this Award, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products). The requirements of this Paragraph must be included in all subawards and in all contracts and purchase orders under this Award.

ARTICLE XIX PROMOTIONAL MATERIALS; PRIOR NOTIFICATION

19.1. Promotional and Written Materials. Use of Grant Funds for promotions is subject to the prohibitions for advertising or public relations costs in 2 CFR 200.421(e). To use Grant Funds in whole or in part to produce any written publications, announcements, reports, flyers, brochures or other written materials, these uses must be allowable under 2 CFR 200.421 and 200.467 and Grantee must include in these publications, announcements, reports, flyers, brochures and all other such material, the phrase "Funding provided in whole or in part by the [Grantor]." 2 CFR 200.467. Exceptions to this requirement must be requested, in writing, from Grantor and will be considered authorized only upon written notice thereof to Grantee.

19.2. Prior Notification/Release of Information. Grantee must notify Grantor ten (10) days prior to issuing public announcements or press releases concerning work performed pursuant to this Agreement, or funded in whole or in part by this Agreement, and must cooperate with Grantor in joint or coordinated releases of information.

ARTICLE XX INSURANCE

20.1. Maintenance of Insurance. Grantee must maintain in full force and effect during the Term of this Agreement casualty and bodily injury insurance, as well as insurance sufficient to cover the replacement cost of any and all real or personal property (including equipment), or both, purchased or, otherwise acquired, or improved in whole or in part, with funds disbursed pursuant to this Agreement. 2 CFR 200.310. Additional insurance requirements may be detailed in **PART TWO** or **PART THREE**.

20.2. Claims. If a claim is submitted for real or personal property, or both, purchased in whole with funds from this Agreement and such claim results in the recovery of money, such money recovered must be surrendered to Grantor.

ARTICLE XXI LAWSUITS AND INDEMNIFICATION

21.1. Independent Contractor. Neither Grantee nor any employee or agent of Grantee acquires any employment rights with Grantor by virtue of this Agreement. Grantee must provide the agreed services and achieve the specified results free from the direction or control of Grantor as to the means and methods of performance. Grantee must provide its own equipment and supplies necessary to conduct its business; provided, however, that in the event, for its convenience or otherwise, Grantor makes any such equipment or supplies available to Grantee, Grantee's use of such equipment or supplies provided by Grantor pursuant to this Agreement is strictly limited to official Grantor or State of Illinois business and not for any

other purpose, including any personal benefit or gain.

21.2. Indemnification and Liability.

(a) **Non-governmental entities.** This subparagraph applies only if Grantee is a non-governmental entity. Grantee must hold harmless Grantor against any and all liability, loss, damage, cost or expenses, including attorneys' fees, arising from the intentional torts, negligence or breach of contract of Grantee, with the exception of acts performed in conformance with an explicit, written directive of Grantor. Indemnification by Grantor is governed by the State Employee Indemnification Act (5 ILCS 350/.01 *et seq.*) as interpreted by the Illinois Attorney General. Grantor makes no representation that Grantee, an independent contractor, will qualify or be eligible for indemnification under said Act.

(b) **Governmental entities.** This subparagraph applies only if Grantee is a governmental unit as designated in Paragraph 3.2. Neither Party shall be liable for actions chargeable to the other Party under this Agreement including, but not limited to, the negligent acts and omissions of the other Party's agents, employees or subcontractors in the performance of their duties as described under this Agreement, unless such liability is imposed by law. This Agreement is not construed as seeking to enlarge or diminish any obligation or duty owed by one Party against the other or against a third party.

**ARTICLE XXII
MISCELLANEOUS**

22.1. Gift Ban. Grantee is prohibited from giving gifts to State employees pursuant to the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act (5 ILCS 430/10-10) and Illinois Executive Order 15-09.

22.2. Assignment Prohibited. This Agreement must not be sold, assigned, or transferred in any manner by Grantee, to include an assignment of Grantee's rights to receive payment hereunder, and any actual or attempted sale, assignment, or transfer by Grantee without the Prior Approval of Grantor in writing renders this Agreement null, void and of no further effect.

22.3. Copies of Agreements upon Request. Grantee must, upon request by Grantor, provide Grantor with copies of contracts or other agreements to which Grantee is a party with any other State agency.

22.4. Amendments. This Agreement may be modified or amended at any time during its Term by mutual consent of the Parties, expressed in writing and signed by the Parties.

22.5. Severability. If any provision of this Agreement is declared invalid, its other provisions will remain in effect.

22.6. No Waiver. The failure of either Party to assert any right or remedy pursuant to this Agreement will not be construed as a waiver of either Party's right to assert such right or remedy at a later time or constitute a course of business upon which either Party may rely for the purpose of denial of such a right or remedy.

22.7. Applicable Law; Claims. This Agreement and all subsequent amendments thereto, if any, are governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois. Any claim against Grantor arising out of this Agreement must be filed exclusively with the Illinois Court of Claims. 705 ILCS 505/1 *et seq.* Grantor does not waive sovereign immunity by entering into this Agreement.

22.8. Compliance with Law. Grantee is responsible for ensuring that Grantee's Obligations and services hereunder are performed in compliance with all applicable federal and State laws, including, without limitation, federal regulations, State administrative rules, including but not limited to 44 Ill. Admin. Code Part 7000, laws and rules which govern disclosure of confidential records or other information obtained by Grantee concerning persons served under this Agreement, and any license requirements or professional certification provisions.

22.9. Compliance with Freedom of Information Act. Upon request, Grantee must make available to Grantor all documents in its possession that Grantor deems necessary to comply with requests made under the Freedom of Information Act. 5 ILCS 140/7(2).

22.10. Compliance with Whistleblower Protections. Grantee must comply with the Whistleblower Act (740 ILCS 174/1

et seq.) and the whistleblower protections set forth in 2 CFR 200.217, including but not limited to, the requirement that Grantee and its subrecipients inform their employees in writing of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712.

22.11. Precedence.

(a) Except as set forth in subparagraph (b), below, the following rules of precedence are controlling for this Agreement: In the event there is a conflict between this Agreement and any of the exhibits or attachments hereto, this Agreement controls. In the event there is a conflict between PART ONE and PART TWO or PART THREE of this Agreement, PART ONE controls. In the event there is a conflict between PART TWO and PART THREE of this Agreement, PART TWO controls. In the event there is a conflict between this Agreement and relevant statute(s) or rule(s), the relevant statute(s) or rule(s) controls.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions in subparagraph (a), above, if a relevant federal or state statute(s) or rule(s) requires an exception to this Agreement's provisions, or an exception to a requirement in this Agreement is granted by GATU, such exceptions must be noted in PART TWO or PART THREE, and in such cases, those requirements control.

22.12. Illinois Grant Funds Recovery Act. In the event of a conflict between the Illinois Grant Funds Recovery Act and the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act, the provisions of the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act control. 30 ILCS 708/80.

22.13. Headings. Articles and other headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and are not intended to define or limit the scope, extent or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

22.14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which are considered to be one and the same agreement, binding on all Parties hereto, notwithstanding that all Parties are not signatories to the same counterpart. Duplicated signatures, signatures transmitted via facsimile, or signatures contained in a Portable Document Format (PDF) document are deemed original for all purposes.

22.15. Attorney Fees and Costs. Unless prohibited by law, if Grantor prevails in any proceeding to enforce the terms of this Agreement, including any administrative hearing pursuant to the Grant Funds Recovery Act or the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act, Grantor has the right to recover reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses associated with such proceedings.

22.16. Continuing Responsibilities. The termination or expiration of this Agreement does not affect: (a) the right of Grantor to disallow costs and recover funds based on a later audit or other review; (b) the obligation of the Grantee to return any funds due as a result of later refunds, corrections or other transactions, including, without limitation, final Indirect Cost Rate adjustments and those funds obligated pursuant to ARTICLE XIV; (c) the CYEFR(s); (d) audit requirements established in 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.90 and ARTICLE XII; (e) property management and disposition requirements established in 2 CFR 200.310 through 2 CFR 200.316 and ARTICLE XVIII; or (f) records related requirements pursuant to ARTICLE IX. 44 Ill. Admin. Code 7000.440.

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EXHIBIT A
PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Summary of Program:

The area to be served is Lake County, Illinois, located in the northeastern corner of Illinois, midway between Chicago and Milwaukee. According to the 2021 US Census Estimate survey, it has a population of 714,484, making it the third-most populous county in Illinois. Lake County includes a wide diversity in economic, racial and ethnic backgrounds. (Table 1).^[1]

Total Population	714,484	Percentage
White, non-Hispanic	428,289	59.9%
Black/African American	48,075	6.7%
Hispanic or Latino	159,640	22.3%
Asian	58,802	8.2%
Other race, including two or more races	17,833	2.5%

The Lake County State’s Attorney’s Office (LCSAO) employs 161 individuals and 70 attorneys. Included in the office staff are a Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice, Diversion Coordinator, and Deflection Coordinator who are tasked with expanding rehabilitative services to those individuals within Lake County who have police contact. Lake County has a population of over 700,000 residents with over 40 police agencies.

Through this grant opportunity, the LCSAO will increase capacity to continue its current prosecutor-led deferred prosecution programs that will currently lose funding at the end of the MacArthur Safety & Justice Challenge funding period—November 2026. This program consists of both pre-charge and post-charge deferred prosecutions. For purposes of clarity, we will refer to pre-charging, deferred prosecution as “deflection” and post-charging, deferred prosecution as “diversion.” Existing grant funding has supported program implementation but is not sustainable beyond the current funding period. Additional funding at this time will serve as bridge support, allowing the program to maintain operations while pursuing longer-term funding sources and institutional partnerships to sustain services beyond the grant term.

This program will use data-driven, community grounded, and trauma-informed strategies to develop an equitable, safe, and efficient restorative justice program that proactively recruits clients and connects them with rehabilitative services. Upon successful completion of the services, the police and/or prosecutor will either provide a letter of permanent declination if charges have not been filed (deflection) or dismiss the pending case (diversion). By correctly tracking data through new police RMS/CAD systems and courthouse docketing systems, we can persuade stakeholders to ramp up programming, ensure equity, and educate the public.

This program will consist of two grant-supported staffers who will: a) work with police partners to screen, assess, and proactively recruit deflection candidates; b) work with prosecutors to identify, assess, and proactively recruit diversion candidates; c) assist police and prosecutors in developing an individualized rehabilitation plan for all candidates; d) provide case management for the individual after entry into the program; e) assist in data collection at all stages of the program; and f) provide direct training and outreach to police, prosecutors, and service providers about the philosophies and best practices around deflection and diversion. The Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice will oversee these programs, assist in court, train lawyers, and provide strategic leadership. This position was created in late 2025 to integrate a restorative justice approach across all divisions of the office. Her mission extends beyond deflection and diversion and includes work in the juvenile division, Drug Court, Mental Health Court, Veterans’ Court, and other rehabilitation programs. A small portion of her salary would be covered by this award. The individual selected for this new position (that ranks “above” division chief) is a former defense attorney and former Chief for Juvenile Justice within the office.

The goals of this program will be: a) to use proactive offers to vastly increase the number of people receiving services; b) ensure that all individuals, regardless of race, receive the benefit of restorative justice, and c) to reduce docket pressure on the courthouse. By reducing filings and shortening disposition time, we help people closer in time to when the offense occurred, and

we restore trust in the legal system by devoting more resources to the more serious cases.

Statement of the Problem:

Lake County's criminal justice system has a solid history of providing rehabilitation for those who commit crimes. But these programs have not been scaled up or fully integrated with modern police, prosecutor, or courthouse practices. Moreover, prior to 2021, the LCSAO never established goals, explained metrics, or provided public data about its prosecutor-led diversion and deflection programs. Since December 1, 2020, the new LCSAO administration has publicly expressed the goal of having safe, efficient, and equitable deflection and diversion.

Lake County hosts a variety of diversion and deflection programs. While this will be more fully addressed in the next answer, diversion and deflection programs in Lake County are not reaching enough individuals when one considers the number of cases that are being filed in the courthouse. Judges, police, service providers, prosecutors, and defense attorneys understand the "basics" of diversion and deflection. But without proper staffing, protocols, and performance indicators, these stakeholders haven't had the vision to see how diversion and deflection can be safely expanded. In other words, many stakeholders understand how diversion and deflection works, and they are willing to send a few low-risk individuals down a "path of rehabilitation." The goal of this program will be to turn these "footpaths" into "highways."

Presently, the LCSAO runs five diversion programs – all of which need to be expanded through the support of this grant: a) Felony Alternative Prosecution program which requires judicial approval; b) LCSAO Felony Diversion controlled completely by the LCSAO; c) the Firearm Diversion Program controlled completely by the LCSAO; d) Misdemeanor Diversion controlled completely by the LCSAO; and e) Domestic Violence Diversion for defendants facing their first domestic-violence related charge. This final program has some judge involvement due to the length of time that domestic violence treatment takes. Judges need to approve of longer continuances.

Currently, there are several small deflection programs in Lake County. One program called "A Way Out" has been helping those experiencing SUDS since 2016. AWO is run by the Lake County Health Department and refers individuals in need who seek help at a police station. (This "self-referral" model has limitations that will be addressed below.) Having now served over 1,000 clients, AWO was recognized in 2021 by ICJIA as having had a statistically significant impact on the opioid fatality rate in Lake County. A Preliminary Outcome Evaluation Of Lake County's Police Referral To Substance Use Disorder Treatment Program. May 30, 2021, Center for Justice Research & Evaluation. Jessica Reichert. The current Deflection Coordinator, Alex Seidman, was selected by the LCSAO because she led AWO from 2019 to 2025.

The Lake County Living Room Wellness Center ("LRWC") was started in 2021, as a 24/7 crisis management center for those in need of mental health services but who come in contact with the police. Individuals receiving services at the LRWC are never charged with a crime despite their police contact. The Living Room Wellness Center has been operating through a successful partnership between the LCSAO, the Lake County Sheriff's Department, and a non-profit called the Independence Center. As a "drop off site" that serves as a healthy alternative to the jail and emergency rooms, the LRWC has been responsible for a small decrease in misdemeanor filings concerning trespass, disorderly conducts, and other non-violent offenses that often arise from mental health crises. The LRWC, on average, sees about 50 law enforcement drop-offs per quarter. The LCSAO has trained over 300 police officers on how to use the LRWC. But the funding for the LRWC under the Department of Justice's The Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program ended in early 2025.

The final type of deflection that currently exists in Lake County is through "Intake" at the Juvenile Courts. At the direction of our office, juvenile intake officers will meet with a minor and his family to determine if there are rehabilitative steps that be achieved prior to the filing of a petition for delinquency. In 2021, our office secured a grant that specifically deflects individuals charged with intra-family domestic violence. This program called "STEP UP" is operated in partnership with a service provider called "OMNI" which works to provide young clients with the skills they need to avoid domestic violence and physical confrontations.

The LCSAO has worked extremely hard to build relationships with government and non-government service providers besides those mentioned above. Already, the LCSAO partners with NICASA to provide treatment for defendants facing their first retail theft. Under our Firearm Diversion Program, all participants must receive cognitive behavioral interventions with our partner called the "GRO Community." GRO has already been successful in Cook County, Peoria, Rockford, Cincinnati, and Dayton, Ohio. Our Domestic Violence Diversion program relies upon our strong partnership with A Safe Place to provide offender treatment classes. At the same time, we are involved in several traditional partnerships with A Safe Place in order to support victims and survivors. The LCSAO partners with over 50 community organizations on our Violence Prevention Coordinating Council and our Domestic Violence Coordinating Council. All of these providers have signed on to the LCSAO vision that the best way to be hard on crime is to prevent it.

Program Design:

The solution to inadequate restorative justice in Lake County is to be relentlessly proactive. To be proactive, the program needs adequate staffing, aggressive workflow protocols, and stakeholder buy-in.

As is further explained in answers to 2-5 of this section, this program seeks to have culturally competent staff and prosecutors at the center of decision-making; these individuals are expected to safely drive the process toward more deflection and more diversion. Put another way, deflection and diversion are “goods” in and of themselves. This program seeks to maximize these “goods” by breaking down unintentional barriers within the justice system. The program operates in three distinct phases that play out differently depending on the individual case. Leaders, prosecutors, and staff are encouraged to look at each individual on a case-by-case basis.

This answer seeks to broadly explain the design of the program while still accounting for the needs of individual clients and individual prosecutors having broad discretion within the program. (See question number 4 of this section.)

There will be three broad phases to the program – whether it be pre-charge deflection or post-charge diversion: screening, assessment, and participation. (Screening and assessment are specifically described in the answer to question number 3 of this section. Participation and monitoring are specifically described in the answer to number 5 of this section.)

“Screening” involves looking at the instant offense, the individual’s criminal history, and the views of police and victims. If the individual makes it through screening, they will be invited to be assessed. It is this invitation step that is key to improving the system. We are not waiting on the defense attorney to approach us. Our digital docketing system allows us to quickly flag cases that qualify for initial screening. This invitation could be declined by the individual or the individual’s defense attorney.

In the diversion context, “assessment” is more formal and involves an application, interview, and formal needs assessment. In the deflection context, officers will be trained to perform street-level and stationhouse assessments.

Finally, if the individual is assessed as being “amenable to rehabilitation,” they will either start program “participation” as soon as possible in the deflection context or enter into the appropriate diversion program through an agreement with defense counsel.

Regarding deflection eligibility, police partners will be trained to focus on: low level drug cases, Retail Theft, Unlawful Possession of Drug Paraphernalia, Trespass, Disorderly Conduct, Criminal Damage to Property, Resisting A Peace Officer (with officer consent), and Battery (with victim consent). Other cases will be considered pursuant to individual police policies. The goal of this program is to scale up deflection, not dictate mandatory deflection to unwilling police departments. Finally, no intimate partner violence cases may be deflected (in light of society’s history of minimizing domestic violence incidents), but first-time, misdemeanor domestic battery cases can be diverted (post-charging) provided the individual is clinically assessed as “amenable to treatment.”

Regarding misdemeanor diversion eligibility, the following misdemeanor offenses will be instantly eligible: Retail Theft, Drug Cases, Resisting Arrest, Trespass, Disorderly Conduct, Drug Paraphernalia, Theft, Battery, Criminal Damage To Property, Reckless Driving unrelated to DUIs. Other misdemeanor cases will be considered, and other individuals will be assessed when the defense attorney requests diversion.

Regarding felony diversion eligibility, the following felony offenses will be targeted for proactive screening: a) Unlawful Possession of a Controlled Substance; b) Identity Theft; c) Felony Retail Theft; d) Theft; e) Unlawful Possession of a Weapon; f) Burglary; g) Unlawful Use of Credit Card; h) Obstructing Justice; i) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle; and j) Forgery. Other felony cases will be considered, and other individuals will be assessed when the defense attorney requests diversion.

Broadly, sex offenses will be disqualified from the program, but registered sex offenders are not disqualified for non-sex related offenses per se. With the appropriate assessments, a sex offender could be deflected or diverted for a non-violent case.

Similarly, individuals with a criminal history involving violent offenses will be disqualified if they pose a significant threat to the community as determined by staff and prosecutors. Finally, DUI cases are fully excluded from the program at this time.

In the deflection context, when an individual fails to complete treatment or is re-arrested, they are considered to have “failed” the program. This failure will be coded within the case management system called Service Point, and the Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice will make an assessment of whether the original charge should be filed. For very low-level cases, even though there is a “failure,” it is unlikely a charge will be filed.

In the diversion context, when an individual fails to complete the rehabilitative step within a reasonable time, drops out of treatment, is terminated from treatment, is re-arrested, or violates the terms of their court release, the Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice will use her discretion to decide whether to terminate the diversion. If the diversion is terminated, the prosecution will continue. There are written policies and protocols that require the SAO to be reasonable and culturally competent in assessing client mistakes. Terminations for a single relapse with chemical substances will be strongly disfavored,

but within the discretion of the Chief Deputy. Generally speaking, individuals will be given opportunities to complete administrative sanctions before final termination.

As described above, the key to this program (particularly in the diversion context) is proactive engagement.

To expand deflection, it will be necessary to educate law enforcement and service providers as to how they can work together to quickly serve populations experiencing mental illness, SUDS, housing shortages, or other problems.

The SAO has strong relationships with all 40 police agencies in Lake County. By February 2026, standardized protocols, flowcharts, and educational material will be sent to police chiefs. By June 2026, the office will have trained command staff in all 40 agencies on the basics of deflection and making linkages directly between low level offenders and services. The Deflection Coordinator will engage in roll call trainings throughout the county on a rolling basis. Finally, the Deflection Coordinator and Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice will convene a Deflection Committee of trusted police leaders to hone protocols and to serve as credible messengers to other chiefs.

The key to expanding deflection and diversion is taking proactive steps. Essentially, police or prosecutors must invite individuals into the program instead of past procedures which waited for the individual initiate rehabilitation.

For the deflection program to be effective, police will have to make selections on the street. To maintain community safety (and buy in), the program will have to start small and focus on: low level drug cases, Retail Theft, Unlawful Possession of Drug Paraphernalia, Trespass, Disorderly Conduct, Criminal Damage to Property, Resisting A Peace Officer (with officer consent), and Battery (with victim consent). At the deflection level, victim consent on cases involving physical contact will be necessary to maintain early credibility for the program. For other cases, police officers will have to use their relationships within the community to explain how deflection is healthier in the long run than traditional approaches. Separate from victim consent, police will be trained to select those individuals for whom rehabilitation has a strong chance of working. The Living Room Wellness Center has been a successful deflection program in which clients must at least indicate a willingness to receive services. In coordination with the SAO, police departments will develop internal policies regarding whether prior criminal history disqualifies individuals from deflection. In light of the nonviolent nature of these offenses and the fact that most Lake County police departments are deeply committed to treating SUDs and mental health problems, it is unlikely that prior criminal history will be a barrier to entry. Law enforcement will be encouraged to consult with the Deflection Coordinator or Felony Review at any time.

For diversion, as mentioned above, the SAO will proactively make invitations to misdemeanor and felony defendants when they have been charged with an offense that automatically qualifies, and they have no prior felony convictions. Again, proactive invitations put the onus on defense counsel to engage with diversion programming. (Misdemeanors: Retail Theft, Drug Cases, Resisting Arrest, Trespass, Disorderly Conduct, Drug Paraphernalia, Theft, Battery, Criminal Damage To Property, Reckless Driving unrelated to DUIs.) (Felonies: Unlawful Possession of a Controlled Substance, Identity Theft, Felony Retail Theft, Theft, Unlawful Possession of a Weapon, Burglary, Unlawful Use of Credit Card, Obstructing Justice, Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle, and Forgery.) The office will consider offers from the defense on many more cases, and individuals will not be disqualified for prior criminal history. In other words, if the defense proactively suggests diversion, almost all cases will be considered except for violent felonies, DUIs, and sex offenses.

Whether it is from an automatic invitation, or the suggestion of defense counsel, the individuals who are invited to be assessed will complete a written application. The application contains general demographic information along with some questions for applicants' reflection. Once the application is received, the Diversion Coordinator meets with defense counsel and the defendant for an interview. During this interview, a RANT & GAIN-SS assessment is completed along with follow up questions to the written application responses.

For the Firearm Diversion Program, the SAO has developed a specific relationship with a nonprofit called the "GRO

Community.” GRO is the culturally competent service provider that extends cognitive behavioral interventions to individuals charged with gun offenses. GRO meets with the potential client to administer the OHIO risk assessment. No one is disqualified solely on the basis of the risk level, but it is considered in conjunction with criminal history and police input.

After the assessment stage, prosecutors extend formal offers to appropriate defendants involving different diversion tracks. All individuals found to be “amenable to rehabilitation” at the assessment level will be given an individualized risk reduction plan as developed by the Diversion Coordinator.

At the same time, we will develop specific pilot programs with two police agencies to integrate deflection protocols deeper into the RMS/CAD systems for data purposes. The Deflection Coordinator will relentlessly take success stories and spread them to other agencies. This model relies upon the fact that the vast majority of Lake County police agencies are eager to develop new strategies to efficiently help individuals within their community. Regarding diversion outreach, every specific defense attorney whose client qualifies for assessment will be informed through an email that their client is being invited to be assessed. In this way, the program places less pressure on educating defense attorneys. Under the Rules of Professional Conduct, they are required to inform their client of the invitation. Moreover, the E-prosecutor system makes it easy for courtroom ASAs to follow up with defense counsel if they have not responded to the invitation.

More broadly, the Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice and the Diversion Coordinator will conduct trainings for prosecutors and defense attorneys. The Chief Deputy will be expected to have a close relationship with the Public Defender’s Office to ensure that indigent clients are not unintentionally neglected in any way. The State’s Attorney, for example, met with the leadership of the Public Defender’s Office in 2025, to explain the Firearm Diversion Program and the partnership with GRO. The Chief Deputy will be expected to meet with her counterpart in the Public Defender’s Office on a monthly basis to discuss diversion program.

The State’s Attorney has already personally conducted separate trainings in 2025 for the office and for the local bar association. Chief Deputy and Diversion Coordinator will conduct at least one training a year for defense attorneys through the local bar association.

Regarding the office, there will be at least one training per year, and intensive orientation sessions as new prosecutors join the office.

Prosecutors will have wide discretion to make formal diversion offers – whether it be after an automatic invitation or at the suggestion of defense attorneys. No felony ASA will be allowed to skip the assessment process. The insight of this program is that defense attorneys (in Lake County) cannot be relied upon as the primary proponents of diversion. That is, diversion invitations spur the defense bar to engage with diversion programming because they are ethically required to respond.

Separate from the “automatic invitation” process, felony ASAs will have the discretion to make invitations for assessments for any case besides sex crimes, violent crimes, and DUIs if the defendant does not have a criminal history that suggests they would be a “significant threat to the public.” (See above.) At the same time, any felony defendant can be assessed when the defense suggests diversion unless it is for one of these categories of crime. Again, the ASA will have the discretion to consider what they believe to be a “significant threat to the public.” But it bears noting, that the SAO already allows ASAs to make this assessment in every type of case. We already trust ASAs to make offers that respond to a wide spectrum of risk. Felony and misdemeanor diversion are simply other responses to the spectrum of risk.

As with all negotiations in Lake County's criminal courts, defense attorneys are always encouraged to appeal any ASAs decision to a division chief. In the instance of misdemeanor diversion, appeals would be heard by the Chief of Misdemeanor and Traffic, while appeals in felony cases would be heard by the Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice. Participant progress will be actively monitored by the Deflection Coordinator using a centralized tracking system. All law enforcement deflections will be documented in real time through a dedicated deflection tab within the department's RMS/CAD system. Officers will record "deflection" as the discretionary outcome in lieu of arrest or citation. This deflection coding will generate a unique case number and identify the charge that would have otherwise applied. The system will allow the officer to select the referral destination from a standardized dropdown menu.

Each documented deflection will automatically generate a referral for the Deflection Coordinator, who will conduct follow-up outreach to ensure timely connection to services. The Deflection Coordinator will support participant engagement in services initiated at the point of deflection or develop an individualized service plan with clear goals tailored to the participant's identified needs. Program effectiveness will be measured through service engagement, reductions in law enforcement contact, and demonstrated improvements in participant stability and overall well-being. These metrics will be measured during treatment and for a follow up period. At the end of treatment, SAO staff and the Deflection Coordinator will check LEADS to see if there are new arrests. The Deflection Coordinator will also make the client database available to the Data Coordinator to determine if clients are later charged within Lake County. By connecting information at this level, prosecutors will be able to better respond to client needs within the justice system even if it is outside of program.

Individuals who are in the diversion program will be monitored and case managed by the Diversion Coordinator. Once accepted into the program, the Diversion Coordinator develops a case plan with conditions and objectives for the individual based on the needs identified in the interview and assessment process. The individualized case plan is written in conjunction with the Diversion Agreement to ensure consistent expectations. The Diversion Coordinator will assist the participant in connecting to rehabilitative services in the community and will coordinate with providers to verify participation and progress. The client will have to execute the appropriate waivers. The client will also send in monthly email reports on their own progress. SAO staff and the Diversion Coordinator will also run LEADS on participants to ensure they are remaining arrest free throughout the program. Once the individual completes all the objectives in the case plan, they are discharged from the program, and their case is dismissed or "nolle'd."

Throughout both the deflection and diversion procedures, both coordinators will use trauma-informed communication strategies to maximize the possibility of warm handoffs and wraparound care. Current LCSAO staff has worked for the last several years to build strong relationships with numerous local service providers. Because of this capacity building, participants in the program will be connected to a comprehensive range of human services designed to address the underlying factors contributing to system involvement and to support long-term stability. Services will be individualized based on assessed need and may begin immediately upon program entry.

Participants will have access to mental health services, including screening and assessment, outpatient and intensive outpatient treatment, individual and group counseling, anger management, psychiatric services and medication management, crisis intervention, and treatment for co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders. Behavioral health care will also include referrals to medical and primary care providers, as well as assistance navigating insurance and public benefits. Local resources that may be utilized include the Lake County 24/7/365 Crisis Care Program, Mobile Response Team, Drop-In Center, Living Room Wellness Center (with linkage to the Independence Center), Lake Behavioral Hospital, Josselyn Center, Advocate Condell Medical Center, Arden

Shore, Family First Center of Lake County, Feel Good Counseling, Lake County Health Department, OMNI, NICASA, SGA, GRO, and Rosalind Franklin University Health Center.

The program will also link participants to substance use treatment and recovery supports across the full continuum of care. This may include inpatient, residential, and intensive outpatient treatment; medication-assisted treatment; peer recovery coaching; harm reduction services; and sober living arrangements. Substance use service providers in Lake County and the surrounding area include OMNI, Gateway Foundation, NIRCO, NICASA, Lake County Health Department addiction treatment programs (including women's residential and respite services), Recovery Centers of America, Renacer Latino Inc., Alexian Brothers (dual diagnosis services), Haymarket Center, Chicago Behavioral Hospital, Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, and Rosecrance. Some local sober living houses we use for referrals include Oxford Inc., Kalimba Foundation, Salvation Army, and Bridge House. Participants experiencing housing instability will be connected to housing and homelessness services, including emergency shelter, transitional housing, permanent or supportive housing referrals, and housing stabilization services. Referrals may include The Haven, PADS, Community Partners for Affordable Housing, and Community Action Partnership of Lake County.

Participants will also be linked to employment agencies, vocational training programs, and education resources, including Lake County Workforce Development. The College of Lake County also conducts courses using cognitive behavioral thinking methods through the Judicial Services Department.

Referrals for basic needs assistance, parenting services, and family and community support services will be provided as needed. Community partners may include Mano a Mano, NICASA, Keeping Families Covered, LOVE INC., the Illinois Department of Human Services, DCFS, Fleet and Family Support Services, and A Safe Place. Finally, specialized referrals will be made for veterans' services, this can be done locally at our VA in county. In summary, the program will assist with helping individuals maintain compliance with their program conditions and will make referrals to long term case management for when they have met completion of the program to ensure continuity of care. Deflection & Diversion coordinators will assist participants in navigating services, making referrals, coordinating appointments, and maintaining engagement with treatment and supportive services throughout their diversion period. Our program will meet participants "where they are" in order to make the strongest and most appropriate connections possible.

In light of the wide discretion bestowed upon police, prosecutors, defense attorneys, and judges, there are very few legal barriers to this program. Barriers arise from two areas: stakeholder buy-in and lack of resources for individual treatment.

Since mid-2025, the Diversion Coordinator and Deflection Coordinator have been engaged in stakeholder meetings with police, defense attorneys, and service providers. The State's Attorney has personally met with several judges and the Public Defender. Barriers regarding "buy in" stem from a concern about logistics, monitoring, and inefficiencies. It appears, very few barriers stem from "tough on crime" or retributive attitudes. No police officers or judges have complained about this program being "soft on crime." They have expressed concerns about "cases taking longer" or the difficulty of case management in the deflection context. Some defense attorneys have expressed concerns about using diversion to handle "weak" cases or those cases involving constitutional violations. These valid barriers from stakeholders must be addressed.

Using the success of the program will be key to persuading reluctant stakeholders. By demonstrating transparency regarding success/failure rates, the SAO will likely increase stakeholder buy-in. When we affirmatively demonstrate that clients successfully complete treatment and avoid future arrests, we are proving that deflection clients can be safely managed. Similarly, when we use our E-prosecutor system and our Data Coordinator to show

that we are relieving docket pressure, we are proving that diversion cases will not take longer to resolve. Moreover, when our data demonstrates that clients have lower arrest rates than probationers, for example, we are proving that diversion is safe. Nationwide data shows that deflection and diversion work. When we localize our data, we will earn even more buy-in.

Regarding defense attorney buy-in, first, the program will seek to minimize the use of guilty pleas in diversion cases. We believe that the completion of rehabilitation earns dismissal. A guilty plea is simply not necessary. Second, while the defendant is engaged in rehabilitation, the SAO will tender discovery and even analyze the constitutionality of the arrest/investigation. We expect to quickly offer diversion. But defense attorneys worry about ongoing discovery obligations and constitutional issues. Constitutional violations will be addressed even during diversion. When a prosecutor concludes that a case should be dismissed due to such a violation, the case will be dropped regardless of the status of diversion. In other words, defendants can enter diversion quickly even while their case is continuing to being analyzed by both prosecutors and defense attorneys. To be clear, diversion will only be offered on cases in which the proof is strong against the defendant. Finally, the SAO will allow evidentiary motions during diversion. That is, on contested constitutional questions, a defendant may have his “day in court” while also participating in diversion.

A further barrier stems from a lack of treatment options. As laid out in the answer to Question 6, Lake County is rich with rehabilitation resources. But many individuals are underinsured or uninsured. For some treatment facilities, there are waitlists. This barrier exists for all rehabilitation and probation programs – not just diversion or deflection. If anything, front-loaded diversion offers allow individuals to access treatment quicker – at a time that is closer to their offense. The program seeks to overcome this barrier by incentivizing individuals to get into treatment faster.

Separate from deflection and diversion programs, access to treatment is a systemic and societal problem that stems from decades of under-investment. In December 2025, Governor Pritzker signed H.B. 1085 which may lower barriers by ensuring that therapists are better paid. But all system partners must continue to innovate and share information. Locally, the program will seek to find partners, like GRO, which accept Medicaid. At all times, the program will be cognizant of economic barriers. The SAO pledges to provide access to deflection and diversion regardless of ability to pay.

Project Management and Staffing:

The Chief Deputy for Restorative Justice will monitor the performance measures regarding stakeholder meetings and trainings. She will report these outcomes to the Grants Manager.

For deflection, the Deflection Coordinator will monitor the numbers around enrollment, screening, assessments, plan development, linkages, and success rates. These metrics are easily coded and tabulated through a free case management system called Service Point. The Data Coordinator will be able to assist the Deflection Coordinator in report generation and data visualization. These numbers will be reported by the Deflection Coordinator to the Grants Manager.

For diversion, the Diversion Coordinator will monitor the numbers around enrollment, screening, assessments, plan development, linkages, and success rates. These metrics are easily coded and tabulated through report generation within E-prosecutor. The Data Coordinator will be able to assist the Diversion Coordinator in report generation and data visualization. These numbers will be reported by the Diversion Coordinator to the Grants Manager.

Regarding the demographics of the program participants as compared to the demographics of the arrested and charged population, the Data Coordinator will have to generate queries that mine all law enforcement and court data to establish the baselines. This is all technologically possible within E-prosecutor and within law enforcement RMS data.

The LCSAO's E-prosecutor includes easy-to-use coding options that allow prosecutors and diversion staff to flag any case that is being reviewed for diversion, any case that is in diversion, and any case that has been completed via diversion. Data Coordinator from a third party will collect, analyze, and visualize the data related to the programming.

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EXHIBIT B

DELIVERABLES OR MILESTONES

Goal: Increase public safety by reducing future criminal activity and prioritizing court resources for violent offenses.	
Process Objectives	Performance Measures
Identify or hire program personnel by month two.	➤ Date program personnel are hired or identified
Establish program eligibility standards, screening process and participant compliance standards by month one	➤ Month program eligibility standards, screening process and participant compliance standards are established
System and community partners will be advised of program availability and eligibility standards by month one	➤ Date System and community partners are advised of program availability and eligibility standards
Screen 60 individuals for program eligibility	➤ Number of criminal defendants screened for program participation
Enroll 60 individuals in the program	➤ Number of individuals enrolled in the program
Complete 60 individual plan assessments	➤ Number of individual plan assessments completed ➤ % of individual plan assessments completed
Develop 60 individual program plans	➤ Number of individual plan assessments developed ➤ % of individual plan assessments developed
Link 35 participants to required human services, employment or training	➤ XX of participants linked to required human services, employment or training ➤ % of participants lined to required human services, employment or training
Outcome Objectives	Performance Measures
75% of program participants will successfully complete program requirements	➤ % of program participants successfully completing program requirements ➤ % of participants who disengage or are terminated before completion and reasons for disengagement or incompleion
75% of program participants will have no further arrests during program participation	➤ % of program participants without further arrests during program participation

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EXHIBIT C

CONTACT INFORMATION

CONTACTS FOR NOTIFICATION AND GRANT ADMINISTRATION:

Unless specified elsewhere, all notices required or desired to be sent by either Party must be sent to the persons listed below. Grantee must notify Grantor of any changes in its contact information listed below within five (5) business days from the effective date of the change, and Grantor must notify Grantee of any changes to its contact information as soon as practicable. The Party making a change must send any changes in writing to the contact for the other Party. No amendment to this Agreement is required if information in this Exhibit is changed.

FOR OFFICIAL GRANT NOTIFICATIONS

GRANTOR CONTACT

Name: Kyle Schlegel

Title: Grant Specialist

Address: 60 E Van Buren St., Suite 650
City: Woodstock Chicago, IL 60632

GRANTEE CONTACT

Name: Karen Levi

Title: Chief Deputy of Restorative Justice

Address: 18 N County St., 3rd Floor
Waukegan, IL 60085-4304

GRANTEE PAYMENT ADDRESS

(If different than the address above)

Address: _____

FOR GRANT ADMINISTRATION

GRANTOR CONTACT

Name: Kyle Schlegel _____

Title: Grant Specialist

Address: 60 E Van Buren St., Suite 650
City: Woodstock Chicago, IL 60632

Phone: 312-636-4366

E-mail Address: Kyle.W.Schlegel@gmail.com

GRANTEE CONTACT

Name: Regina Tuczak

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Address: 18 N County St., 3rd Floor
Waukegan, IL 60085-4304

Phone: (847) 377-2163

E-mail Address: rtuczak@lakecountyl.gov

EXHIBIT D

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND STANDARDS

Goal: <i>Increase public safety by reducing future criminal activity and prioritizing court resources for violent offenses and other cases that require increased office resources (e.g. complex financial crimes).</i>	
Process Objectives	Performance Measures
Identify or hire program personnel by month one. (Completed)	➤ Date program personnel are hired or identified
Establish program eligibility standards, screening process and participant compliance standards by end of month one. (3/1/26)	➤ Month program eligibility standards, screening process and participant compliance standards are established
System and community partners will be advised of program availability and eligibility standards by end of month one. (3/1/26).	➤ Date System and community partners are advised of program availability and eligibility standards
Screen 600 individuals for program eligibility	➤ Number of criminal defendants screened for program participation
Enroll 200 individuals in the program	➤ Number of individuals enrolled in the program
Complete 300 individual plan assessments	➤ Number of individual plan assessments completed ➤ % of individual plan assessments completed
Develop 100 individual program plans	➤ Number of individual plan assessments developed ➤ % of individual plan assessments developed
Link 200 participants to required human services, employment or training	➤ XX of participants linked to required human services, employment or training ➤ % of participants lined to required human services, employment or training
Outcome Objectives	Performance Measures
75% of program participants will successfully complete program requirements	➤ % of program participants successfully completing program requirements ➤ % of participants who disengage or are terminated before completion and reasons for disengagement or incompleion
80% of program participants will have no further arrests during program participation	➤ % of program participants without further arrests during program participation

Process Objectives	➤ Performance Measures
The demographics of the individuals receiving deflection should match the demographics of the individuals arrested.	➤ Comparison of demographics of program participants to demographics of arrestees on a jurisdiction-by-jurisdiction level
Outcome Objectives	➤ Performance Measures
The demographics of the individuals receiving diversion should match the demographics of the individuals charged	➤ Comparison of demographics of program participants to demographics of Lake County defendants

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EXHIBIT E

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

Grantor may remove (or reduce) a Specific Condition included in this Exhibit by providing written notice to the Grantee, in accordance with established procedures for removing a Specific Condition.

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PART TWO –GRANTOR-SPECIFIC TERMS

In addition to the uniform requirements in PART ONE, Grantor has the following additional requirements for its Grantee:

23. Definitions

“Youth” means an individual under 18 years of age.

24. Mandatory Attendance. Grantee shall attend meetings as required by Grantor.25. Commencement of Performance.

25.1. If performance has not commenced within 60 days of the execution date of this Agreement, Grantee agrees to report by letter to Grantor the steps taken to initiate the program, the reasons for the delay, and the expected starting date.

25.2. If the program is not operational within 90 days of the execution date of this Agreement, Grantee agrees to submit a second letter to Grantor explaining the implementation delay. Grantor may at its discretion either cancel this Agreement or extend the implementation date of the program past the 90-day period.

25.3. If the program is interrupted for more than 30 days after commencement, Grantee agrees to notify Grantor in writing explaining the reasons for the interruption and the steps being taken to resume operation of the program. Grantor may, at its discretion, reduce the amount of grant funds awarded and/or terminate this Agreement if the program is interrupted for more than 90 days.

26. Budget Changes. Grantee may transfer funds among direct cost categories, however line-item transfers are capped at \$50,000 and limited to 10% of the total award. Line-item transfers larger than this amount require a budget revision approval from Grantor.27. Reporting and Evaluation Requirements.

27.1. Grantee shall submit the following reports to the Grantor:

- Performance reports for the preceding quarter relevant to the performance indicators listed in the Agreement. The quarterly progress reports are due not more than 15 days after the end of the quarter, unless another reporting schedule has been required or approved by the Grantor. and
- Fiscal reports detailing financial expenditures for the previous month. Fiscal reports shall be submitted by the 15th of every month following the first complete month of the grant period.

27.2. Grantor may give the grantee permission, in writing, to report on a quarterly schedule. Such permission can be revoked by the grantor at any time. If such permission is given, the quarterly reports should be submitted based on the following schedule:

<u>Quarter End Date</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
September 30	October 15

December 31	January 15
March 31	April 15
June 30	July 15

28. Timekeeping.

28.1. Grantee shall maintain the following time keeping records on-site for all grant-funded and match personnel:

- A. Personnel who spend less than 100% of their time on the funded program must maintain records that accurately reflect the time the employee spends performing the program and any other duties. These records must:
1. reflect an after-the-fact distribution of the employee's actual activity (not budgeted time);
 2. account for attendance and the daily total activity for which the employee is compensated (by all funding sources);
 3. be prepared at least monthly and coincide with one or more pay periods;
 4. be signed by the employee and approved by a supervisor having firsthand knowledge of the work performed; and
 5. be supplemented with daily attendance timesheets.
- B. Personnel who spend 100% of their time on the funded program must certify on a semi-annual basis. This time certification form must:
1. include an after-the fact certification that 100% of the employee's time was spent in support of activities associated with the program;
 2. be signed every six months by the employee and a supervisor having firsthand knowledge of the employee's work; and
 3. be supplemented with daily attendance timesheets.

28.2. Payroll records must reflect either the after-the-fact distribution of an employee's actual activities or the certification of an employee's actual work performed.

28.3. Volunteers whose time fulfills a match requirement must complete a daily attendance timesheet or log that includes dates and hours worked on the grant program.

28.4. Grantee shall maintain a Quarterly Time Keeping Certification with each quarterly report, or every third monthly report. The Quarterly Time Keeping Certification shall include a certification listing all employees who must maintain records as set forth in this Section, and match volunteers, including their 1) program working hours and 2) total working hours. The Quarterly Time Keeping Certification should be made available to Grantor upon request.

29. Closeout requirements. Within 30 days of the expiration date of this Agreement or any approved extension thereof the following documents must be submitted by Grantee to Grantor: (a) final financial status report; (b) final progress reports; (c) property inventory report; and (d) other documents required by Grantor.

30. Procurement Requirements and Requests for Proposals.

30.1. All procurement transactions shall be conducted by Grantee in a manner to provide, to the

maximum extent practical, open and free competition. Procurement transactions include the purchasing of equipment, commodities, goods and services. Procurement transactions do not include the making of sub-grants. Grantee may use their own procurement regulations which reflect State and local law, rules, and regulations, provided that all procurements made with grant funds minimally adhere to standards established by the Illinois Procurement Code (30 ILCS 500) and 2 CFR 200.318 - 327.

30.2. If the Grantee's established procurement process is less competitive than the following requirements, the following more competitive requirements must be adhered to in lieu of the Grantor's procurement process per 30 ILCS 500/20-20.

- For procurements of \$100,000 or less, the Grantee is encouraged to formally advertise the proposed procurement through an Invitation for Bids (IFB), or a Request for Proposals (RFP) process. If this is not possible, the Grantee must solicit quotes or bids from at least three sources.
- For procurements over \$100,000, the Grantee must utilize a competitive source selection such as formally advertise the proposed procurement through an Invitation for Bids (IFB), or a Request for Proposals (RFP) process.

30.3. As required by Grantor, Grantee shall submit documentation regarding its procurement procedures and grant-funded purchases for Grantor review and approval to assure adherence to applicable guidelines.

30.4. Grantee may use a non-competitive procurement process under some circumstances in accordance with 2 CFR 200.320(c). Grantee must request and receive approval, in writing, from Grantor before entering into an agreement through a non-competitive procurement process.

31. Subcontracting.

31.1. Grantee shall make reasonable efforts to assure that all subcontractors adhere to the terms and conditions of this agreement. Grantor shall not be responsible for the performance, acts or omissions of any subcontractor.

31.2. Grantee shall submit documentation regarding contracts to be funded with grant funds for Grantor review and approval, to assure adherence to applicable guidelines. This includes a copy of the subcontract, Addendum to the Agreement, Required Documentation for Contractor Payment with Compensation and Rate of Pay certifications form, Sole Source Justification form, if applicable, disclosure of any Conflicts of Interest to Grantor and any other related documents requested by Grantor.

31.3. Costs under any subcontract shall only be allowed back to the date of the complete submission of the documents described in this Article except for those subcontractors approved under Article XIV or an exception under Grantor exception policy.

31.3. Approval of the use of subcontractors by Grantor does not relieve Grantee of its obligation to assure performance under this agreement. Grantee shall be responsible for the recovery of any unspent and/or misspent grant funds paid to the subcontractor by Grantee.

32. Subawards.

32.1 Grantee will monitor subawards to ensure compliance with State and/or Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward. Approval of a subaward does not relieve Grantee of its obligation to assure performance under this Agreement.

32.2 Subawards are subject to site visits by both Grantee and Grantor, and must make available all fiscal, personnel, and programmatic data to Grantee and Grantor at either's request. Grantor reserves the right to conduct site visits of all subawards.

32.3 Grantee will require all subawards to submit, at a minimum, periodic performance reports and periodic financial reports to Grantee.

32.4 As Grantee awards each subaward, Grantee will forward a site visit schedule to Grantor along with any increased monitoring provisions. Any site reports created by Grantee that require a corrective action by a subaward shall be submitted to Grantor along with verification of the corrective action.

32.5 If the use of a subaward is approved by Grantor, the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall apply to and bind the party to whom such work is subawarded as fully and completely as Grantee is bound and obligated. Grantee is obligated to ensure that the terms of this Agreement are contained in any written subaward agreement.

32.6 Grantee will ensure that all subawardees have an active Unique entity Identifier (UEI); have a Federal Employer ID (FEIN); are in good standing with the Illinois Secretary of State; are not on the Illinois Stop Payment List; are not on the SAM.gov Exclusion list; and are not on the Illinois Medicaid Sanctions List.

32.7 Prior to the execution of its grant agreement, Grantee will submit their subaward monitoring protocol to Grantor for approval.

32.8 Grantee shall use a competitive bidding process for the selection of any subaward not specifically named in this Agreement.

32.9 Grantee shall conduct a programmatic risk assessment of every subaward that receives a subaward through this Agreement.

32.10 Grantee will evaluate each subaward's risk of noncompliance with federal and state statutes; regulations; rules; laws; guidelines; and conditions of this award. Grantee will impose specific conditions upon a subaward, if appropriate.

32.11 Grantee will make fiscal and programmatic technical assistance available to all subawards.

32.12 All unspent subaward funds will be returned by Grantee to Grantor within 30 days after the end of each subaward's period of performance.

32.13 Grantee will be responsible for the recovery of any unspent and/or misspent grant funds paid to the subaward by Grantee.

32.14 Grantor is not responsible for the performance, acts, or omissions of any subaward. Grantor will not mediate disputes between Grantee and subawardees.

33. Food Costs. Grantee agrees to act in accordance with Grantor's food policy for any food costs paid in whole or in part by funds under this agreement. Grantees must maintain records of actual food costs and how the food supported its program. For events, grantees must maintain records of the event, including receipts for food and other costs and the number of program participants. For emergency food provisions, grantees must maintain records of both the cost of the food provided and the program participant who received it.

34. Transportation Costs. Grantee must utilize a tracking system for any transportation costs funded by this agreement. At minimum, the tracking system must track the purpose of each trip and the cost per trip. Grantee shall submit a description of the tracking system to Grantor prior to incurring any transportation costs. This section applies to costs for both staff and participants.

35. Copyrights and Patents.

35.1. If this Agreement results in a copyright, the Grantor reserves a royalty-free, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish or otherwise use, and to authorize others to use, for government purposes, the work or the copyright to any work developed under this Agreement and any rights of copyright to which a grantee, subgrantee or a contractor purchases ownership with grant support.

35.2. If this agreement results in the production of patentable items, patent rights, processes, or inventions, Grantee shall immediately notify Grantor. Grantor will provide Grantee with further instruction on whether protection on the item will be sought and how the rights in the item will be allocated and administered to protect the public interest, in accordance with guidelines.

36. Management and Disposition of Equipment and Commodities.

36.1. Equipment and supplies acquired by Grantor with Grantor funds shall be used for purposes of the program described in the exhibits only. Grantee may retain the equipment and supplies acquired with grant funds as long as they serve to accomplish program purposes, whether or not the program continues to be supported by Grantor grant funds, but such determinations as to retention are within the sole discretion of Grantor. If the equipment or supplies originally purchased for the program are no longer capable of fulfilling the needs of the program and must be traded in or replaced, or there is no longer a need for the equipment or supplies, Grantee shall request instructions from Grantor.

36.2. Grantor may deny equipment and supply costs or require that Grantee relinquish already purchased equipment and supplies to Grantor if Grantee fails to employ an adequate property management system governing the use, protection, and management of such property. Grantee is responsible for replacing or repairing equipment and supplies that are willfully or negligently lost, stolen, damaged or destroyed. Grantee shall provide equivalent insurance coverage for grant funded equipment and supplies as provided for other equipment and supplies owned by Grantee. Any loss, damage or theft of equipment and supplies shall be investigated and fully documented, and immediately reported to Grantor.

36.3. Equipment purchased using Grantor funds shall be made available for inspection during site visits, and upon request of Grantor as part of its grant monitoring and oversight responsibilities.

36.4. If, for an item of equipment described in the Budget to be purchased with Grantor funds, Grantee does not have, at a minimum, a purchase order dated within 90 days after the start date of the agreement, Grantee shall submit a letter to Grantor explaining the delay in the purchase of equipment. Grantor may, in its discretion:

- A. Reduce the amount of funding;
- B. Cancel this agreement;
- C. Allow Grantee to reallocate the funds that were allocated for such equipment to other allowable Grantor approved costs; or
- D. Extend the period to purchase this equipment past the 90-day period.

37. Program Income. All income, including income resulting from asset seizures or forfeitures, generated as a direct result of the program shall be deemed program income. Program income must be used for the purposes and under the conditions applicable to the use of grant funds. Program income may be used by Grantee for any purpose that furthers the objectives of the grant or deducted from the total allowable costs in accordance with Part I, 7.7. Grantee shall report and account for such program income as required by the Grantor.

38. Separate Revenue and Expenditure Accounts. Grantee must have an accounting system that meets the following requirements prior to receiving grant funds:

- (a) Provides for the clear identification, in its accounts, of all Federal awards, State awards, and matching funds received or expended.
- (b) Enables the preparation of reports required by general and program-specific terms and conditions of Grantee's awards.
- (c) Allows the tracing of funds to a level of expenditures adequate to establish that such funds have been used according to the Federal statutes; regulations; and the terms and conditions of the Federal or State award.
- (d) Requires each Federal award, State award, and matching fund revenues and expenditures to be accounted, recorded, and tracked separately by funding source.
- (e) Includes classification of expenditures (e.g., personnel, commodities, equipment).
- (f) Maintains a system coding or classification system that permits summarization and reporting of grant revenue and expenditures by specific accounts, programs, projects, etc.
- (g) Ensures that Federal and State awarded funds and matching funds are not commingled with funds from other Federal, State, or private sources. 2 CFR 200.302.
- (h) Maintain an accounting system that utilizes generally accepted standards of accounting.

Upon request, Grantor may allow Grantee to receive funds without meeting the above requirements. Such exception shall be granted in writing and Grantee shall be given no more than six (6) months after the exception to meet all requirements of this section.

39. Publications.

39.1. In addition to the requirements of Part I, Article XIX Grantee shall submit to Grantor for review,

certain publications that will be issued by Grantee describing or resulting from programs or projects funded in whole or in part with grant funds, no later than 30 days prior to its printing.

39.2 The publications subject to this review are: journals and annual reports that describe how grantee has used the funding, any paid advertisement or public awareness campaign regardless of format, and any other publication that cumulatively costs more than \$1000 to create or produce. These publication review requirements do not apply to press releases, flyers advertising approved program activities only, newsletters and issue analyses.

39.3 Grantor reserves the right to require the resubmission of any publication for additional review and comment, prior to its printing.

39.4 All publications shall supplement the language required by Part I, Article XIX with the following statement:

"Funding provided in whole or in part by the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority. Points of view or opinions contained within this document are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the State of Illinois, or the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority."

39.5 When issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations, and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal grant funds, Grantee shall clearly state (1) the percentage of the total cost of the program or project which will be funded under this agreement, and (2) the dollar amount of funding for the project or program in addition to the statement required in 42.4.

39.6 Exceptions to the above requirements shall only be allowed upon Grantor's written prior approval.

40. Reporting Grant Irregularities.

40.1 Grantee shall promptly notify Grantor through their Grant Monitor when an allegation is made, or Grantee otherwise receives information, reasonably tending to show the possible existence of any irregularities or illegal acts in the administration of Grant Funds. Grantor, per its agency policy, shall determine the reasonableness of the allegation of the irregularities or illegal action and determine the appropriate course of action. Possible actions would include conducting an internal audit or other investigation or contacting the proper authorities. Illegal acts and irregularities include such matters as conflicts of interest, falsification of records or reports both data, financial and programmatic, and the misappropriation of funds or other assets.

40.2 Grantee shall inform any sub-recipient of Grantor's Grant Funds that the sub-recipient is similarly obligated to report irregularities.

40.3 Failure to report known irregularities can result in suspension of the Agreement or other remedial action. In addition, if Grantee's auditor or other staff becomes aware of any possible illegal acts or other irregularities prompt notice shall be given to Grantee's director. Grantee, in turn, shall promptly notify Grantor as described above of the possible illegal acts or irregularities. If the possible misconduct involves Grantee's director, Grantee staff member shall provide prompt notice directly to Grantor.

40.4. In addition, Grantor, if in its judgment there is a reasonable allegation of irregularity or illegal act, shall inform the Office of Justice Program's Office of the Comptroller, the Department of Justice's Office of Professional Responsibility and the Office of Inspector General, and state and local law enforcement agencies or prosecuting authorities, as appropriate, of any known violations of the law within their respective area of jurisdiction.

40.5. Known or suspected violations of any law encountered during audits, including fraud, theft, embezzlement, forgery, or other serious irregularities, must be immediately communicated to Grantor and appropriate federal, State, and local law enforcement officials.

40.6. Grantee agrees to develop and maintain a record-keeping system to document all Agreement related activities and expenditures. These records will act as the original source material for compilation of the data and all other program activity.

40.7. The reporting of any irregularities, illegal acts and the proposed or actual corrective action shall be reported to Grantor at:

Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority
Attn: Office of General Counsel
60 E. Van Buren Street, Ste 650
Chicago, IL 60605
CJA.OGCreport@illinois.gov

41. Reporting Potential Fraud, Waste, or Similar Misconduct.

41.1. Grantee shall promptly refer to Grantor, via their assigned Grant Monitor, any credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, contractor, subcontractor, or subaward has either submitted a false claim for grant funds in violation of the False Claims Act or committed a criminal or civil violation of laws pertaining to fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, gratuity or similar misconduct involving grant funds.

41.2. Potential fraud, waste, abuse or misconduct shall be reported to Grantor at:

Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority
Attn: Office of General Counsel
60 E. Van Buren Street, Ste 650
Chicago, IL 60605
CJA.OGCreport@illinois.gov

42. Crimes of Dishonesty. Grantee shall notify Grantor as soon as practical if any of its own or any of its subawards' and/or its subcontractors' board members, executive officers, directors, administrators, supervisors, managers, or financial officers or anyone holding such a position of authority is criminally charged with or convicted of theft, fraud, or any other crime involving dishonesty at any point during the period of performance of this grant. Grantor may terminate this agreement, at Grantor's sole discretion, if Grantee's or any of its subawards' and/or its subcontractors' board members, executive officers, directors, administrators, supervisors, managers, or financial officers or anyone holding such a position of authority become convicted of theft, fraud, or any crime involving dishonesty.

43. Conflict of Interest in Hiring and Procurement. In addition to the requirements of Part I, Article XVII, no employee, officer, or agent of Grantee shall participate in the selection of a contractor, award of a contract, administration of a contract, or hiring of personnel supported by grant funds if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved. Grantee shall establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that is or gives the appearance of being motivated by a desire for private gain for themselves or others.
44. Safeguarding Constitutional Protections Related to Religion
- 44.1 Grantee certifies that grant and match funded services must be offered without regard to religious affiliation. Grantee also certifies that the receipt of services through the grant funded program shall not be contingent upon participation in a religious event or activity. Grant or match funds may not be used for any explicitly religious activities such as worship, religious instruction, or proselytization. Grantee may engage in inherently religious activities, but such activities must be separate in time or place from the grant funded program, and beneficiaries cannot be compelled to participate in them.
- 44.2 Faith-based organizations may consider religion when hiring staff if consistent with the Religious Freedom Restoration Act and other applicable laws. If the grant is funded with federal funds, Grantee must receive prior approval from the Department of Justice, Office for Civil Rights.
45. Restrictions and Certifications Regarding Non-Disclosure Agreements and Related Matters. Grantee and any entity that receives a contract or subcontract with any funds under this award, may not require any employee or contractor to sign an internal confidentiality agreement or statement that prohibits or otherwise restricts, or purports to prohibit or restrict, the reporting (in accordance with law) of waste, fraud, or abuse to an investigative or law enforcement representative of a federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.
- a. In accepting this award, Grantee –
- i. represents that it neither requires nor has required internal confidentiality agreements or statements from employees or contractors that currently prohibit or otherwise restrict (or purport to prohibit or restrict) employees or contractors from reporting waste, fraud, or abuse as described above; and
- ii. certifies that, if it learns or is notified that it is or has been requiring its employees or contractors to execute agreements or statements that prohibit or otherwise restrict (or purport to prohibit or restrict), reporting of waste, fraud, or abuse as described above, it will immediately stop any further obligations of award funds, will provide prompt written notification to Grantor, and will resume (or permit resumption of) such obligations only if expressly authorized to do so by Grantor.
- b. If Grantee makes subawards or contracts under this award –
- i. it represents that –
1. it has determined that no other entity that Grantee's application proposes may or will receive award funds (whether through a subaward, contract, or subcontract) either requires or has required internal confidentiality agreements

- or statements from employees or contractors that currently prohibit or otherwise currently restrict (or purport to prohibit or restrict) employees or contractors from reporting waste, fraud, or abuse as described above; and
2. it has made appropriate inquiry, or otherwise has an adequate factual basis, to support this representation; and
 - ii. it certifies that, if it learns or is notified that any subrecipient, contractor, or subcontractor entity that receives funds under this award is or has been requiring its employees or contractors to execute agreements or statements that prohibit or otherwise restrict (or purport to prohibit or restrict), reporting of waste, fraud, or abuse as described above, it will immediately stop any further obligations of award funds to or by that entity, will provide prompt written notification to the agency making this award, and will resume (or permit resumption of) such obligations only if expressly authorized to do so by that agency.
46. Background Checks for youth programs. Background checks are required for all program staff, independent contractors, and volunteers, including program staff, independent contractors, and volunteers for subawards and subcontractors, who have direct contact with youth before hiring or before working on the program. Grantee must have a written protocol on file requiring fingerprint-based background checks through the Illinois State Police for all persons and maintain documentation of their completion and results. The written protocol must incorporate the factors and procedures mandated by 775 ILCS 5/2-103.1. Any exception must be granted in writing by Grantor. Exceptions may include but are not guaranteed or limited to if the program model or service provision relies on staff access or credibility with at-risk populations.
47. Project Monitoring and Evaluation.
- 47.1. Project Monitoring: Grantee understands that Grantor may impose additional reporting requirements during the grant period by providing notice in writing to Grantee. Grantee agrees to report any additional information required by Grantor.
- 47.2. Grantor Evaluation: As required by Grantor, Grantee agrees to cooperate with Grantor's evaluation of the grant project, conducted either by Grantor or external parties.
- 47.3. Grantee Evaluation: Project evaluation is limited to evaluation of Grantee's project, as described in this Agreement, to determine the project's effectiveness. Grantee understands and agrees that grant and match funds cannot be used for research purposes, as defined under 45 CFR 46.102(d). Grantee will provide Grantor with aggregate project data and summary reports related to project performance, including process and outcome, and any other information, as requested by Grantor.
48. Confidentiality of Records. Grantee agrees not to use or reveal any research or statistical information furnished under this program by any person and identifiable to any specific private person for any purpose other than the purpose for which such information was obtained in accordance with this program and all applicable federal guidelines and legislation without written consent from Grantor. Grantee shall notify Grantor within three (3) business days of any such request.

49. Tax Liabilities; State Agency Delinquencies. Grantee is required to file of any and all applicable tax returns. In the event that a Grantee is delinquent in filing and/or paying any federal, state and/or local taxes, the Grantor shall disburse Grant Funds only if the Grantee enters into an installment payment agreement with said tax authority and remains in good standing therewith. Grantee is required to tender a copy of any such installment payment agreement to the Grantor. In no event may Grantee utilize Grant Funds to discharge outstanding tax liabilities or other debts owed to any governmental unit. The execution of this Agreement by the Grantee is its certification that (i) it is current as to the filing and payment of any federal, state and/or local taxes applicable to Grantee; and (ii) it is not delinquent in its payment of moneys owed to any federal, state, or local unit of government.
50. Compliance. Grantee agrees to comply with all applicable laws, regulations, and guidelines of the State of Illinois, the Federal Government and Grantor in the performance of this Agreement.

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PART THREE –PROJECT-SPECIFIC TERMS

In addition to the uniform requirements in **PART ONE** and Grantor-Specific Terms in **PART TWO**, Grantor has the following additional requirements for this Project:

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